Gettysburg Compiler.

97TH YEAR — GETTYSBURG, PA., SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 6, 1915 — NO. 24

WM. ARCH. McCLEAN, Editor and Publisher.

ELECTION CONTEST HEARING

LESS THAN HALF SUMMONED WITNESSES ARE HEARD.

Several Witnesses Give a Touch of Comedy to the Hearing of Little Serious Result.

The taking of testimony of witnesses on the part of the present congressional representative, A. R. Brodbeck, in the contest he is making to the election of C. Wm. Beales, came to an unexpected termination Wednesday afternoon when Attorney H. O. Ruby announced that the hearing was concluded until such date of which notice would be given. Not half the witnesses subpoenaed had been heard, but they were all excused and paid off. As Mr. Brodbeck must conclude the hearing of his testimony by Feb. 16, and must subpoena witnesses by giving five days notice, there will be but a week during which any further testimony can be taken.

There were five days of testimony taking, Thursday, Friday and Saturday of last week at York, and Tuesday and Wednesday at Gettysburg. John A. Stover and Samuel B. Meisenhelder, of York, were the Notaries before whom the testimony was taken. H. O. Ruby of York, has represented Mr. Brodbeck at all the hearings. Jerre S. Black, Charles Reider, J. Donald Swope, D. P. McPherson and S. S. Lewis represented Mr. Beales at the York, and the three last named at the Gettysburg hearing.

The taking of the testimony had many elements of a comedy. The wrangling of the attorneys repeatedly demonstrated that the feelings of the audience were with Mr. Beales. Counsel examining witnesses had made no previous inquiry of many and the calling of them simply killed time, and little or nothing that was material developed. In many cases the witnesses were unwilling and answers were received that surprised the questioner, and proved more embarrassing than helpful.

The testimony on Tuesday began with Joseph Gailbraith and Otis Baughman, of allegations about the conduct of the 1914 election in the Third Ward, which were denied by J. J. Martin, Moses E. Bair, Wm. D. Gilbert and George G. Sionaker. Dr. H. M. Hartman was asked to tell a lot of irrelevant matter. Leander Martin played the leading part in the comedy feature of the day, his replies drawing shouts of laughter, a sample being when Mr. Ruby asked, "You never refuse a drink, do you?" and Martin replied, "What do you mean, are you going to try me now?"

On Wednesday morning Harvey D. Bream, Harry Bumbaugh, Frank Penn, Robt. C. Miller, Prof. J. Louis Sowers, Wm. F. Weaver and Wm. A. Taughinbaugh testified, the facts of materiality developed being the payment of taxes upon orders.

Wednesday afternoon the witnesses were George Aughinbaugh, Nicholas Redding, J. H. Weikert, Dr. E. H. Markley and Chas. H. Wilson, Bruce Tonsil and Dave Wilson, the latter two being the commedians. Dr. E. H. Markley, with much emphasis, explained how he had driven his automobile all of election day in the interests of Mr. Beales, going to and from the election polls in the town and Cumberland township, and that he had received various written messages that day from Mr. Beales where he should go and that he never used liquor himself nor had given it to any one either on election day or at any other time.

County Detective Chas. H. Wilson detailed that at the instance of the attorneys, J. Donald Swope and D. P. McPherson, Esqs., he had made information against A. R. Brodbeck for violation of the federal statute forbidding the payment of money for political purposes to one in the employ of the Government. It alleged that the expense account filed by Mr. Brodbeck shows payment of money to an employee of the Hanover Post Office.

It is easy to believe the remark attributed to Mr. Brodbeck that he had been misinformed as to the facts and condition of the Gettysburg situation, as the explanation of concluding the hearing here when but half of the witnesses in attendance had been heard.

The absence of any leading Democratic lawyers of York or this county as counsel [illegible] the contestant at these hearings [illegible] an inability to get such [illegible] stand sponsor for the [illegible] that the contest had been [illegible] advised. It has certainly been [illegible] in the examination of witnesses without any previous knowledge of what they would or could say or know.

After Clarence Geesey, the private secretary of Congressman Brodbeck, stated in the Prothonotary's office in the presence of Prothonotary Mehring and a number of other persons that notwithstanding he was a very busy man, yet the boys of York were pushing him to become a candidate for congress next year, comment was heard here whether it was possible Geesey was helping Brodbeck to make a political mistake in making the contest in order to take advantage of it.

Guessing as to what the contest actually means is but a natural mental attitude in view of what has developed and how it has been developed.

DIES IN HIS 95TH YEAR.

Alexander P. Baugher, a One Time Resident of Gettysburg.

Alexander P. Baugher died in Washington, D. C., on Wednesday, having reached the great age of 94 years., 2 months and 23 days. He was a native of the county, having been born in East Berlin Nov. 11, 1820. He lived in Hanover both before and after the Civil War. During that period his home was in Gettysburg, working in the foundry. He enlisted from this place in Co. G, 209th Pa. Vol. Regt., and served nine months. He was a Democrat in politics and was one of the oldest Odd Fellows in this country, joining the organization more than 65 years ago. The body was taken to Hanover for interment. His wife died about eight years ago and he leaves six children, Mrs. George M. Kohler, Mrs. C. R. McCosh, Wm. E. Baugher of Hanover, Mrs. C. E. T. Brewer of Baltimore, Mrs. Milton G. Miller of Washington, and Alex P. Baugher of Philadelphia.

Allen Jamison died Jan. 6, at Canon City, Colorado. He lived in Butler township, this county, many years. Being left an orphan he was reared by Adam Gardner. Mr. Jamison was warden of the Penitentiary at Canon City for years. He was aged 64 years and death was due to pneumonia.

Michael Joseph, an aged resident of East Berlin, died on Monday aged 84 years, 3 months and 2 days. The funeral was held on Wednesday, interment at Mummert's Meeting House graveyard. He leaves a widow, three sons and a daughter, George and Albert of York county, Harry of near East Berlin, and Mrs. Ellicker of Allen, Pa.

Mrs. David W. Weigle died near Nachusa, Ill., on Monday, Feb. 1st. She was a former resident of Adams county, her maiden name being Catherine Byers, and she was born in this county. After her marriage to Mr. Weigle she moved to Illinois in 1885. She leaves besides her husband four children. Mrs. Sallie Roth on near Gettysburg is a half sister.

Mrs. Elizabeth Meals, widow of David Meals, died at home of her granddaughter, Mrs. Harvey Group, of Straban township, aged 87 years, 11 months and 15 days. Death was due to apoplexy. Her maiden name was Miss Elizabeth Bream and she is the last of her family. Mr. Meals died about 20 years ago and all of their children are dead. She leaves several grandchildren. Interment at Ground Oak Church.

John Ignatius Kuhn, born at McSherrystown, whose death at age of 82 years was reported in our last issue, belonged to one of the oldest Roman Catholic families in Pennsylvania. His father, John Kuhn, was likewise born at McSherrystown, in 1797, and died there in 1887, and his grandfather, John Kuhn, died there in 1826. The grandfather was born at Goshenhoppen in Berks county, and served in the American Revolution. His grandfather, also John Kuhn, a carpenter and builder, in 1741, with the assistance of his sons and neighbors, constructed for Rev. Theodore Schneider, S. J., the famous Chapel at Goshenhoppen, the first church in America for German Catholics. The descendants of this pioneer church builder have exceeded three thousand in multitude, and many of them have, likewise, been pioneers in the building of Catholic churches.

William Unger died at Danville, Ill., on Monday aged 63 years. He was a native of this county, a son of Pius and Catherine Krug Unger and was born in Union township and went West about 45 years ago. He leaves a wife and four children.

Mrs. Abigail Miller, an aged resident of Huntington township, died on Tuesday aged 60 years. She had enjoyed her usual good health until a week ago when she contracted pneumonia. She was born near Idaville, her maiden name being Miss Abigail Little, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Little, and is the last of her family. She has lived all her life in Huntington township many years being spent in Idaville. Her husband Daniel Miller, died four years ago. The funeral was held on Friday, interment at Idaville. She leaves three sons, John Miller, with whom she resided, George of [illegible] and Edward of York.

William Biggs, [illegible] son of Mr. and Mrs. Calvin Biggs, former residents of this place, died in [illegible] Ohio, Friday of last week aged [illegible] years. The body was brought to Gettysburg and interment made in the Colored Cemetery. He is survived by his parents, four brothers and four sisters, one of latter being Mrs. Allen Brown of West High St. Dr. Wm. M. Biggs is an uncle; Mrs. Hannah Matthews and Mrs. [illegible] Penn are aunts of deceased.

—Mr. and Mrs. David McGuigan celebrated the fiftieth anniversary of their marriage on Tuesday evening, Feb. 2nd, at their home on Chambersburg street.

—The revival at the Methodist Church continues with increased interest. At last evening's service there were eight penitents at the altar, which brings the total number of decisions and converts thus far up to 61.

MUNICIPAL PLANT DEAD

TOWN COUNCIL AT FEBRUARY MEETING DID THE KILLING.

New Contract for Lighting Town Concluded Which, it is Said, Will Make Big Saving.

The municipal light plant is dead and its chief councilman promoter did not do his pet project so much honor as to attend the obsequies when it was killed and buried by the Town Council at the February meeting last Tuesday. The Light Committee, composed of Councilmen Stock, Baughman and Trostle, had been instructed to report to the meeting a tentative contract with the light company. The first two were not present and to Councilman Trostle's objections to a contract with the Light Company Councilman Keith commented that the unfriendliness of the Light Committee to the Light Company was preventing the town from getting a better light bargain, which was the objective point Council desired to reach.

A communication between the Light Committee and Light Company was then presented. The Light Committee on Jan 15, in writing, notified the Light Company to substitute Tungsten lights for all arc lights with the exception of ten arcs and to use its own judgment as to which ten should remain in use, all other lights to be replaced by Tungsten lights.

The Light Company replied to the Town Council that the contract for lighting the town expired Aug. 20, 1914, which permitted reduction of arcs to ten lights. Since expiration of contract the lights had been furnished on a 30 day basis and that it would cost several hundred dollars to reduce arcs to ten and borough could then give 30 days notice to remove the substituted lights. The Council was asked to choose a schedule of those previously submitted and enter into a five year contract, when all changes would be made as Council might desire.

A contract ordinance was then presented and was passed and will be found in another column. Under it all arc lights will be replaced. The arc light is an out-of-date lamp, the modern way being by Tungstens and nitrogen filled lamps which will be used, and changes will be made so that new lighting will start March 1st.

Councilman Gilbert submitted a plan of the new lights, by which there would be more lamps than at present and the total cost would not be $1900 making at saving in light bill of over $1000. It is certainly to be hoped that such will be the outcome of the extended fight over a municipal plant and new light contract.

The borough tax rate was fixed at the same figure as last year, 7 mills general and 2 1-2 mills special.

Improvements at Engine House asked for by Fire Chief Plank were referred to Property Committee to report upon at next meeting.

Alley bridges reported in bad repair by Councilman Gilbert were ordered fixed, using cement and iron.

East Berlin Farmers' Institute.

Farmers' Institute met in the P. O. S. of A. Hall at East Berlin Feb. 1st, 1915, at 1.30 p. m. The meeting was called to order by the chairman, A. I. Weidner. Rev. W. H. Miller offered prayer. The address of welcome was deferred until the evening session. The first topic of the afternoon was then taken up, "Lime: How, When and For What to Use It." It was discussed by Wm. M. Patton, of Mosgrove, Pa. He spoke very forcibly on using lime to raise clover. The time to use it is in the fall when you plow for fall seeding. The topic was fully discussed, after which it was open for questions. One of the questions was "With good steer manure and lime will I have good results without fertilizer." The question was answered by Mr. Patton in the affirmative.

The next topic was then taken up by Mr. J. T. Campbell, of Hartstown, Pa., "Poultry, Care and Feeding and Chicks." Mr Campbell said you should first select a strong and vigorous breed of chickens, then give them plenty of feed, using corn principally for hatching puposes. For incubator hatching the eggs should not be more than three days old. If older than that the hen should do the hatching. The proper temperature the first few days is more important than the feed. When you do feed have your regular time, about five times a day.

Mr. Vern F. Struble, of Athens, Pa., then made a few remarks on "Marketing Dairy Products," saying the farmer does not get enough for his products at the present day. Institute adjourned to meet at 7 o'clock.

MONDAY EVENING SESSION,

Institute was called to order by the chairman, Mr. Weidner, after which the Young Men's Chorus of East Berlin sang several selections which were enjoyed by all present. Prof. Bucher of the East Berlin High School made the address of welcome, which was responded to by Mr. Patton. The first topic for the evening discussed was by Mr. Vern F. Struble, "Does the Farmer Need to Keep Posted." Mr. Struble said the farmer needs to keep posted along his line as well as the merchant or any other business man.

Mr. McClain, a member of the board of farm advisors, spoke a few words on the drainage question. He told how better crops could be raised in Adams county if the land was properly drained. At this time the Institute was again favored with music from the Young Men's Chorus, which was greatly appreciated. Mr. J. T. Campbell gave an illustrated lecture on "How Nature Makes Soil." Mr. Campbell's pictures were very good and his lecture was highly instructive. This closed the evening session.

TUESDAY MORNING, 9 A. M.

Institute was opened by the chairman. The first topic, "Potato Growing for Profit (On Small Scale)," was discussed by Mr. Patton. First the soil should be put in proper condition and the best soil on the farm should be selected. Potatoes for seeding should be kept in an underground cellar. He also told how to cut the potato to the best advantage. To keep the potato from getting scabby you should dip the cut potatoes in a solution of formaldehyde, drain them and sprinkle with powdered sulphur. After some further discussion the next topic was taken up. "Methods of Improving Our Dairy," by Vern T. Struble. He told of the best feed to use for dairy feeding and what breed to have for the most milk. How to start calves, also to test your cows. Weigh their milk and if they do not come up to the standard get rid of them. He also spoke more of "Marketing Dairy Products" Institute adjourned to meet at 1 30 p. m.

TUESDAY AFTERNOON 1 30 P. M.

Institute was opened by the Chairman. The first topic for discussion was Poultry, "Foods and Feeding", discussed by Mr. Campbell. He told of the different breeds of chicken that bring the best results and the best food adapted to the different breeds. Corn is the best food for the hen, but it should be alternated with other grains, beefscraps, crushed bones, and greens. He said the average hen lays about 72 eggs in a year. Questions were then asked and answered by the speaker, after which the next topic was taken up, "Making the Old Orchard Pay," was discussed by Mr. Struble. The first thing you must do to your trees is to prune them. When you cut a limb, cut it close to the stem of the tree then paint it with White Lead. Spray your trees four times a year, but not in blossoming time, with Lime and Sulphur. Fertilize the trees with stable manure whenever you see the trees are not thriving mulch and cultivate them.

The next topic for the afternoon was discussed by Mr. Patton, "The Possibilities of Alfalfa and How to Grow it." Alfalfa is a good thing to raise. Any animal will eat it and will thrive on it, it is also good for the soil. After the Alfalfa root is in the ground you can grow more potatoes and other grain or vegetable. You should not sow Alfalfa too early, first lime your soil then raise rye or corn, then sow Alfalfa, and after you have a good growth of Alfalfa you need not lime as often. Here Mr. McClain gave a short talk on drainage. The meeting then adjourned to meet at 7 P. M.

EVENING SESSION

The last session of the institute was called to order by the Chairman. The institute was again favored with music by the "Young Men's Chorus," and a solo by Prof. Bucher, which was highly appreciated by the institute.

Mr. C. G. McClain a member of the board of Farm Advisers spoke on the water system, giving the approximate cost of bringing the water from a distance to the buildings.

Mr. Wm. Patton then addressed the institute upon the subject, "The Little Red Schoolhouse as I knew it." Mr. Patton gave a vivid description of the Little Red School House of many years ago, which at times was very humorous. His lecture was well delivered. The Young Men's Chorus again sang two selections with Maxton Darone as the soloist. The last topic for the session was, "The Farm of Life," discussed by Mr J. T. Campbell. Mr. Campbell's address was excellent. Among the good things he said was to give the boys and girls on the farm a chance. This closed the institute for East Berlin. Considering the inclement weather the sessions were well attended.

H. E. SERFF, Sec.

Remembered in Will.

By the will of Harriet Hoffman, late of Ardmore, Rev. Melanchthon Coover, of Gettysburg, is named as executor, and is to receive the residue of the estate after St. Paul's Lutheran Church, Ardmore, receives $2000; Tressler Orphans' Home, at Loysville, $500; Rev. J. H. Richard, Rev. Charles Anschutz, each $100; the wife of Rev. M. Coover, $500; the son Donald Coover, $500; the daughter, Margaret Coover, $500, and a parlor cabinet and contents.

Arrests at Biglerville.

Wm. Glass, Paul Glass and Amos Wilkerson of Biglerville, were arrested this week charged with thefts in and near Biglerville. Burgess S. Gray Bigham asked that a State Policeman be sent to Biglerville. State Officer D. R. Campbell was detailed and after some plain clothes detective work made the arrests. Amos Wilkerson, confessed to the robbery of the smoke-house of Martin Boyer and implicated Wm. Glass; he also confessed to robbing the store of Robert Walter twice, and breaking into the Biglerville depot on Jan. 28. At the home of Martin Boyer, about a mile from Biglerville, over $50 of meat was taken from his smoke-house, his entire supply. Meat was found at Glass residence which Mr. Boyer identified as his property.

Two Good Shows.

"A College Town," the comedy by the Senior Class of the Gettysburg High School at Walter's Theatre on Tuesday evening, was a splendid success from start to finish and the young people deserve nothing but praise. Miss Helen Cope is to be congratulated upon her work of drilling and preparing the scholars for this highly creditable performance, which netted over $60 for a class gift to school.

Act I introduced the three Aunt Janes of Jimmie; Act II the Faculty Dinner Party with Aunt Jane not feeling well, and Act III the football game with Aunt Jane on the gridiron. The many ridiculous situations were well handled. The complete cast of characters was as follows:

Jimmie Cavendish, A Rah-rah Boy.	Carroll McDonnell
Tad Cheseldine, A College Cut-up.	Guyon Miller
Leviticus, The Ace of Spades.	Maurice Stallsmith
Major Kilpepper, The Head of the Military	Ralph Rebert
Prof. Senacharrib Popp, Head of Philology	Hayden Reinecker
Scotch McAllister, The Football Captain	Mahlon Hartley
Shorty Long, The Ubiquitous Freshman	Howard Spangler
Mixer, On the Team	Albert Menchey
Billy Van Dorn, On the Glee Club	David Blocher
Dr. Twiggs, On the Faculty	Curtis Weikert
Dr. Gilchrist, President of College	Henry Garvin
Prof. Schlauber, On the Faculty	Ralph Oyler
Prof. Small, Chair of Mathematics	Clare Hoofnagle
Prof. Dorchester, French, Spanish, etc.	Mahlon Hartley
Prof. Schmaltz, On the Faculty	Albert Menchey
Miss Jim Channing, from Dixie	Margaret Minter
Marjorie Haviland, College Widow	Henrieta Hersh
Mrs. Baggsby, "Ma," Popular Landlady	Grace Furney
Miss Jane Cavendish, "Cavendish & Dean," Wall St.	Isabel Daniels
Mrs. Cleopatra Popp, A Faculty Type	Mary Pfeffer
Mrs. Gilchrist, President's Wife	Miriam Weaver
Mrs. Mollie Stiles, A Honeymooner	Nevada Settle
Miss Twiggs, A Relic of Other Days	Helen Kauffman
Mrs. Twiggs, A Motherly Old Soul	Grace Rudisill

The Xavier Dramatic Society presented the drama "Bought," in Xavier Hall on Thursday evening. An audience of over four hundred declared it to be unusually pleasing and a complete success. The parts were well taken by Miss Lucy Redding, Miss Marie Codori, Miss Marie King, Messrs. Alban McSherry, Martin McSherry, F. Sionaker and Master E. McSherry. Rev. Fr. Boyle had charge of the training and about $100 was cleared.

The Biglerville Show's Future.

The Biglerville Agriculture, Horticultural and Poultry Association at a meeting of stockholders last Saturday decided to hold the next show in Biglerville. The show had not received the support and attendance from Biglerville and vicinity last December as upon previous exhibitions and members of the association had approached Gettysburg people with the proposition that unpaid stock be subscribed and paid by citizens of this place on the condition that the name be changed to Adams County and with the further condition that the board should have the right to hold the show in any town in the county, as might be demonstrated from year to year as being for the best interests of the show.

Twelve stockholders attended the meeting and G. W. Koser had proxies from twenty other stockholders and two resolutions carried, one that the next show be held in Biglerville and the other if another exhibit is deemed unwise the equipment be disposed of and the charter annulled. The stock of the association was 102 shares of $10 each. About half of the stock has been paid for. The equipment is worth $738.11. Having been paid by the stock and profits of other years. The statement of the last show indicated a balance of $5.95 in the treasury and unpaid equipment bills of $131.41.

Following the passage of the two resolutions, O. C. Rice, the secretary, who has been untiring in his efforts to promote the association and make the annual exhibit a success, with C. E. Raffensperger withdrew as members of the board of directors. Mr. Koser then voting his proxies named the following board of directors: S. G. Bigham, U. S. Klinefelter, C. E. Deatrick, H. U. Walter, E. P. Garretson, Curtis Peters, N. C. Thomas, C. L. Longsdorf, W. E. Kapp, O. C. Rice, D. A. Washinger, G. H. Knouse, D. C. Jacobs, C. E. Raffensperger, M. L. Frame, A. E. Rice, and G. W. Koser. These directors will meet and elect their officers.

PERSONAL POINTS OF VIEW

COMINGS AND GOINGS INTO AND OUT OF THE TOWN.

Social and Other Individual Happenings and Other Local Items of Interest.

—Dr. David Deatrick of Middletown, spent Sunday with his mother, Mrs. Deatrick, on Chambersburg St.

—Mr. and Mrs. E. S. Faber and Miss Ruth Faber, spent this week visiting relatives in New York City.

—Mrs. Guy Boyd has returned to York after a visit at the home of Mr. and Mrs. F. Mark Bream.

—Ivan Homan has returned from a month's trip to Florida.

—Harry E. Weikert of Hanover, was a business visitor in town on Thursday.

—Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Tawney spent Sunday with relatives at Orrtanna.

—Mrs. John Hughes has returned from visiting friends in Greencastle.

—Eddie Plank spent Sunday as the guest of Harry Davis in Philadelphia.

—Mrs. H. C. Picking visited friends in Bethlehem over last Sunday.

—Mrs. W. A. Granville and Mrs. J. I. Burgoon attended the meeting of the Woman's Leagues of Pittsylvania College in Harrisburg on Tuesday.

—Mrs. Mary Menchey of South Washington street, celebrated her 98th birthday on Thursday.

—Mrs. Thomas Cashman has returned to York Springs after a visit with her mother, Mrs. Virginia Horner.

—Coleman Martin and Mrs. Mary Green have returned to Huntington after visiting their father, Hon. Wm. A. Martin.

—Mrs. E. H. True has moved from the Warner Building on East Middle street to her new home on Lincoln avenue.

—Mr. and Mrs. B. A. Riley of Steinwehr avenue celebrated the Sixtieth anniversary of their marriage on Sunday the 31st of January.

—The Independent Americans and the P. O. S. of A. have purchased a piano for use in their lodge rooms.

—Miss Grace Eicholtz is having her new millinery store room in the Brinkerhoff Building put in readiness for the spring season.

—Auditor Robert B. Diehl has sold his grocery store in the Taughinbaugh Building on North Washington street to Augustus Orner of Arendtsville, who has taken possession. Mr. Orner will move into the property lately occupied by Mr. Diehl on East Middle street. Mr. Diehl will occupy the house recently vacated by Prof. H. M. Roth when he moved into his new home on Broadway.

—Amos Musselman, son of Mr. and Mrs. J. Elmer Musselman, has been awarded a scholarship at Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, for this year.

—John H. Stahle, whose disappearance from home several weeks ago caused much anxiety, has been located in New Jersey where he is visiting friends. It is expected Mr. Stahle will return home in several days.

—In honor of the 15th anniversary of the founding of the local Daughters of Rebecca, a banquet was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Wierman on Tuesday evening.

—Judge and Mrs. Swope and Miss Amy Swope are spending this week at Atlantic City.

—Miss Henrietta Engle has returned to her home in York after visiting her sister, Mrs. Victor Duttera.

—Miss Hester Blocher visited her sister, Mrs. Joseph Arnold, in Bendersville this week.

—At the meeting on Saturday of the local D. A. R., Mrs. W. H. O'Neal Regent, was elected delegate, and Mrs. Anstadt, of Washington, alternate, to the annual Congress of the Society held in Washington in April. Arrangements were completed for the annual Washington's Birthday Tea which will be held in the Stallsmith Building on Monday evening, February 22nd.

Peoples Drug Store Successful.

After a great deal of effort and correspondence Peoples Drug Store the popular druggists, have succeeded in getting the Dr. Howard Co. to make a special half-price introductory, offer on the regular fifty-cent size of their celebrated remedy for constipation and dyspepsia.

Dr. Howard's remedy has been so remarkably successful in curing constipation, dyspepsia and all liver troubles, that Peoples Drug Store is willing to return the price paid in every case where it does not give relief.

Headaches, coated tongue, dizziness, gas on stomach, specks before the eyes, constipation, and all forms of liver and stomach trouble are soon cured by this scientific medicine.

So great is the demand for this remedy that Peoples Drug Store has been able to secure only a limited supply and every one who is troubled with dyspepsia, constipation or liver trouble should call upon them at once, or send 25 cents, and get sixty doses of the best medicine ever made, on this special half price offer with their personal guarantee to refund the money if it does not cure.

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Reasons for Later Dear Season.

Secretary Kalbfuss of the State Board of Game Commissioners is in favor of a later open season for shooting deer than from Nov. 10th to Nov. 25th as fixed by the last game act and gives the following scientific facts for his opinion:

"The killing of mature bucks at the time fixed by the law for such killing will have little to do with the increase or failure to increase of deer in this State. In the first place, it is a fact beyond question that every male deer according to his physical strength maintains a harem, gathering under his control and domain as many does as he can possibly secure, to the number of eight or ten, or sometimes even twenty, this buck fighting continuously in defense of his harem, driving other bucks from the neighborhood and preventing them in any way from associating with the does under his control. This buck is able to serve every one of the does under his control during the rutting season, and he unquestionably does serve them.

"A deer, both male and female, reaches the age of puberty at about fifteen month. A young deer born in May of 1913 will reach the age of puberty at about the latter part of July or early in August, 1914. This male will be fully able to serve does during the rutting season following July or August, 1914. Under the present law a male deer before he can be killed must have horns extending above the hair at least two inches. This condition insures his being beyond the age of puberty. The rutting season of deer in Pennsylvania begins with the light of the moon in October and extends to perhaps the first of December. The height of the season is past about November 15, so that every male deer in the woods of sufficient age to be killed will have from the middle of October to the opening of the coming season in which he may perform the function intended by nature.

"Considering these very questions and the necessity for giving bucks a longer time, the legislature will be asked during the present session to make the opening of the deer season ten days or more later than at the present time. There is no doubt whatever but that deer have increased in Pennsylvania under the provisions of this law forbidding the killing of any male deer, this even in the face of the fact that no closed term of years has been declared in Pennsylvania."

Three Farmers' Institutes.

Aaron I. Weidner, of Arendtsville, chairman of Board of Farmers' Institute Managers for Adams County, has completed the program of the three institutes to be held under the auspices of the Department of Agriculture of Pennsylvania as follows.

At East Berlin on Monday and Tuesday of next week, Feb. 1-2, in Red Men's Hall.

At Hunterstown on Wednesday and Thursday, Feb. 3-4, in M. E. Church.

At Bendersville on Friday and Saturday, Feb. 5-6, in Fruit Growers' Hall.

The exercises are public and free and everybody is invited and all granges, agricultural societies and kindred organizations are specially invited to attend.

Mr. Weidner will preside at the meetings and the speakers for the week and their subjects are as follows:

Wm. M. Patton of Morgrove, Pa., will talk on "Lime, How, When and for What to Use It," "Potato Growing for Profit on a Small Scale," "The Possibilities of Alfalfa and How to Grow It," "Clover Growing as a Soil Renovator," "Marketing the Products of the Farm," and "The Little Red School House as I Knew It."

J. T. Campbell of Hartstown, will talk on "Poultry, Care and Feeding, and Chicks," "How Nature Makes Soil," "Poultry, Foods and Feeding," "Economic Maintenance of Productive Power of Soil," "Country Home Improvement," "The Farm of Life."

Vern T. Strubel of Athens, Pa., will talk on "Does the Farmer Need to Keep Posted," "Methods of Improving Our Dairy," "Making the Old Orchard Pay," "The Young Orchard, Location, Selection of Trees, Planting and Care," "Orchard Pests and Their Treatment."

Theodore W. Witman of Allentown, will talk on "Poultry, Knowing More About It," and "Making Hens Lay in Winter."

F. W. Schilling will speak on "Cement, Use on Farm."

A number of the lectures will be illustrated with lantern slides.

H. E. Serff will be secretary of the East Berlin meeting and and local committee helping him are J. L. Spangler, Isaac Hoechst, Dr. R. P. Feiser, Joseph Anthony, Wm. Brough, L. R. Lau and Robert Jacobs. Mervin Spangler is chairman of the Queries Committee, and address of welcome will be by C. L. Brown.

At Hunterstown the Queries Committee will be H. G. Deatrick, the address of welcome by Edw. Trostle, and the local committee, E. W. Goldsborough, Addison Leer, H. H. Beamer, G. A. Raff, J. L. Toot, I. M. Tate, Edward Trostle, H. V. Brown, J. L. Taughinbaugh and Robert Weaver.

At Bendersville, the address of welcome will be made by Rev. Jos. Arnold; J. W. Prickett is secretary; the Queries Committee J. R. Garretson, Tim Day and Harry Pitzer, and local committee, Bill Bream, Frank Smith, Charles Wolf, Edward Hess [illegible] Harry Wolf and David Ogden.

Orrtanna Co. Assigns.

Charles Emory Starner, trading as the Standard Mill Work Company, of Orrtanna, has made an assignment for the benefit of creditors to E. P. Strasbaugh of Hamiltonban township.

Cast for Firemen's Show.

The cast for "Incog," the Firemen's benefit show at Walter's Theatre on Feb. 11th, has been announced and includes some of the town's best talent, Richard Mishler, Martin McSherry, Mary Ramer, Mrs. R. H. Bushman, Albin McSherry, Earl Stallsmith, Wilbur Stallsmith, W. Ernest Ziegler, Grace Ramer and Lucy Redding. The parts of the "twins" will likely be taken by W. Ernest Ziegler, Earl Stallsmith and Albin McSherry.

Strength of Insects.

The insects are provided with muscles of enormous power as compared with men. If a fly be held by the wings it can pick up and carry a match, and this is as if a man were able to pick up a beam twenty-eight feet long and fifteen and one-half inches square.

An ordinary little ant can pull eight matches on rollers, which would equal a load of 330 beams the size of a man when its weight is compared with that of a horse.

The flea jumps 200 times its own height, which is about the same as if a man were to jump over the nearly thousand foot high Eiffel tower.

An oyster opposes being opened by exerting a force of over thirty pounds, and for a man to show the same power he would have to take up eighty large locomotives and bear them Atlas-like upon his shoulders.

From a purely physical point of view man is the weakest of animals. It is only by the use of his mind and the application of the laws of mechanics in the machinery he has invented that he has been able to dominate the world.—Boston Herald.

The Yosemite.

The best authorities have now agreed upon the spelling of Yosemite as recorded in Hodge's "Handbook of the American Indians." The following forms have been employed in various publications: Oosemite, Oosoomite, Sosemiteiz, Sosemity, Yaseemne, Yoamity, Yohamite, Yosahmittis, Yosemate, Yosemetos, Yosemety, Yosimities and Yosoomite. It never was used by the Indians as the name of the valley, for the Awani division of the Miwok tribe, who made their home in the valley, called their principal village and the whole valley by their name Awani. The name Yosemite may have derived from the Awani village of Lesamaiti, but Powers regards it as a distortion of the Miwok word uzumaiti, meaning grizzly bear.—New York Sun.

The Squirrel.

Innocent in all his ways, harmless in his food, playful as a kitten, but without cruelty, and surpassing the fantastic dexterity of the monkey, with the grace and brightness of a bird, the little dark eyed miracle of the forest glances from branch to branch, more like a sunbeam than a living creature. It leaps and darts and twines where it will. A chamois is slow to it and a panther clumsy. Grotesque as a gnome, gentle as a fairy, delicate as the silken plumes of the rush, beautiful and strong like the spiral of a fern, it haunts you, listens for you, hides from you, looks for you, loves you, as if the angel that walks with your children had made it himself for a heavenly plaything.—John Ruskin.

Palace of the Popes.

The Vatican is the papal palace and derives its name from the hill on which it stands, the Mons Vaticanus, one of the seven hills of Rome. It is a collection of magnificent buildings, which occupy a space of 1,151 by 767 feet. The most ancient of the present structures dates from the time of Nicholas V., about 1447. The various popes from time to time added new buildings, in which are many works of art of a historical character. The Sistine chapel, one of the Vatican edifices, contains Michelangelo's first masterpiece in painting, "The Last Judgment." The Pauline chapel possesses Michelangelo's frescoes of "The Conversion of St. Paul" and "The Crucifixion of St. Peter."

Troops and Winter.

When Napoleon went to Moscow and back it was found that the French soldiers stood the intense cold better than the Poles and north Germans. It is quite wrong, by the way, to suppose, as is often done, that that fatal winter set in early with exceptional severity. Napoleon invented that explanation to palliate the disaster into which he plunged his army. But the autumn was so exceptionally mild that the peasants believed that God was favoring Napoleon, and the first snowstorm did not come until Nov. 6, an unusually late arrival.

Decorations For Women.

There are few decorations for women in Europe, the most ancient order coming from the Austrian throne. It is the decoration of the Star and Crucifix and is given to women of high rank. Another is the Luisen, founded in memory of the beautiful queen of Prussia whom Napoleon insulted. This order is given to all classes of women who subject themselves to any great self sacrifice.

To Clean Watch Chains.

Gold or silver watch chains can be cleaned with a very excellent result, no matter whether they be matt or polished, by laying them for a few seconds in pure aqua ammonia. They are then rinsed in alcohol and finally shaken in clean sawdust free from sand.—Medical Herald.

Naval Mines.

The first recorded appearance of mines as instruments of naval warfare was at the siege of Antwerp in 1585, when they were employed by the Dutch against the Spaniards.

Took the Hint.

A wearied young lady hastened the departure of a tedious caller by remarking as she looked out of the window, "I think we are going to have a beautiful sunrise."

Reverse Conditions.

Flushman—I say, old man, I'd like change for a five. De Broke—Would you? I'd like five for a change.—Boston Transcript.

Breaks Arm.

Cornelius Strayer, aged 77 years, a resident of East Berlin, was found at the foot of a flight of stairs with his right arm fractured at the shoulder. Mr Strayer boards with the family of Calvin Deardorff. He was searching for a match early Saturday morning to light a lamp on his bureau when he fell down the steps. Dr. E. A. Miller attended the injured man.

Stevens in Trouble.

Harry Stevens of Heidlersburg, is in more trouble in York county. G. W. A. Hankey, of York, alleges Stevens stole $3 worth of corn and Charles Sherfy, a restaurant keeper of that city, charges him with the theft of a pair of boots valued at $2.50.

—Mrs. J. A. Eckert, who has been visiting her son, Jacob Eckert, has returned to her home in Hunterstown.

Peoples Drug Store Successful.

After a great deal of effort and correspondence Peoples Drug Store the popular druggists, have succeeded in getting the Dr. Howard Co. to make a special half-price introductory offer on the regular fifty-cent size of their celebrated remedy for constipation and dyspepsia.

Dr. Howard's remedy has been so remarkably successful in curing constipation, dyspepsia and all liver troubles, that Peoples Drug Store is willing to return the price paid in every case where it does not give relief.

Headaches, coated tongue, dizziness, gas on stomach, specks before the eyes, constipation, and all forms of liver and stomach trouble are soon cured by this scientific medicine.

So great is the demand for this remedy that Peoples Drug Store has been able to secure only a limited supply and every one who is troubled with dyspepsia, constipation or liver trouble should call upon them at once, or send 25 cents, and get sixty doses of the best medicine ever made, on this special half price offer with their personal guarantee to refund the money if it does not cure.

Advertisement.

Cost of Foot and Mouth Disease.

During the present epidemic of aphthos fever among the cattle in the York and Adams county districts, the cost to the State and federal governments will be about $75,000, according to figures of the appraisements compiled at the local headquarters of the inspectors at Spring Grove.

Since the beginning of the epidemic of foot and mouth disease last October, 53 herds were condemned and put to death in this district. In round numbers the head of cattle killed will be 2,000. Local inspectors condemned 53 herds for a total of 1,695 heads. Of this number 940 were cattle, 692 hogs, 62 sheep and one goat. The York county district was the heaviest loser, 39 herds being condemned and killed, while in Adams county there were 14 herds. The appraisement of the stock condemned and killed amounts to $60,260.52.

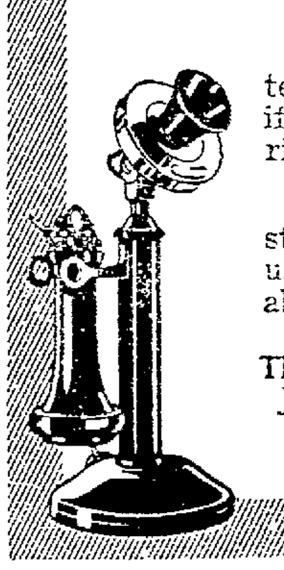
These figures do not include the cost of the disinfecting or replacing the lumber on quarantined premises, which costs on an average $150 to each farm. There has been canvassing among the farmers the past few days adjusting the losses sustained to property by the disinfecting. The state and federal departments will bear the appraised value as well as those of the condemned cattle. When a farm is visited Contractor Stambaugh makes an estimate as to the cost of restoring the stable to the condition it was prior to the disinfecting. His appraisement is accepted by the inspectors. The farmer is then allowed the amount to make repairs, if he so desires. If he does not accept the amount the work will be done by a contractor employed by the departments. With the exception of two, all the farmers of quarantined places have accepted the appraised value of the repairs to be made.

When the payments are made by the government to the farmers for the cattle killed, C. A. Snodgrass will be the recipient of the largest single voucher amounting to $4,614, the appraised value of 66 cattle, 18 hogs and 29 sheep killed on his farm. To date no payments have been made for condemned cattle, but money is now ready according to a statement from Washington saying:

Under the recent urgent deficiency act which was signed by the President on January 25, $2,500,000 is now available for the eradication of the foot-and-mouth disease. Up to January 1, 1915, the outbreak had cost the Federal Government a total of $2,129,138.04. Of this sum $1,840,328.99 represents the Federal Government's share of the expense of slaughtering affected herds and reimbursing the owners for their loss, of which the Government pays half and the individual States the remainder. The figures show that exclusive of the work in January 101,176 animals have been slaughtered. Of these 46,268 were cattle, 47,735 swine.

The money now at the disposal of the Department of Agriculture, will, it is believed, aid the campaign against the pestilence by enabling the Government to make prompt payment to all owners of infected herds, and thus minimize the reluctance of farmers to have their stock slaughtered.

"Did I get that Order?
—I Telephoned."



And some fellow who has no telephone, or didn't think to use it if he has, is lamenting his luck right now. Luck?

You never hear the man who sticks everlastingly to the job and uses his Bell Telephone complain about *his* luck, do you?

The Bell Telephone Co. of Pa.
John O. Beam, Local Mgr.,
York, Pa.

G. W. Weaver & Son — G. W. Weaver & Son

ONE-HALF PRICE

The Last Call on

Fall and Winter Suits, Coats, Skirts and Dresses

In order to close our fiscal year with as little stock as possible in these lines, we have made the prices on full and entire line HALF-PRICE. We have still a fair assortment in each line and these prices make them a purchase "like getting money from home."

50 Tailored Suits of a former season

Were $15.00, $20.00, and $25.00

Now $4.00, $5.00 and $6.00

60 Children's Coats

Ranging in sizes from 6 to 14 years. Were $4.00, $5.00 to $8.00 put into three lots at

$1.00, $1.50 and $2.00

Splendid Heavy School Coats.

25 Junior Misses' Coats

Size range 13, 15 and 17 years. High grade qualities of Winter of 1913-14. Were $8.00, $10.00 to $20.00.

Now $2.50, $3.00, $4.00

30 Small Children's Coats

Size 1 year to 6 years. Were $3.00, $4,00 to $5.00.

Now $1.00, $1.50, $200

50 Fine Wool Dress Skirts

Many of them new this fall. Were $5.00, $6.00 to $10.00.

Now $2.50, $3.00 to $5.00.

30 Silk and Wool Dresses

Were $10.00, $12.00, $14.00.

Now $5.00, $6.00 to $7.00.

100 Silk and Lingerie Waists

Splendid Styles. Were $1.00, $1.50 up to $7.50.

Now 50 cts., 75 cts. to $3.50.

Big Lot Wash Waists

Slightly soiled and mussed. Were $2.00 and $3.50.

Now 50 cents

Mostly in sizes 34, 36, 40, 42, 44.

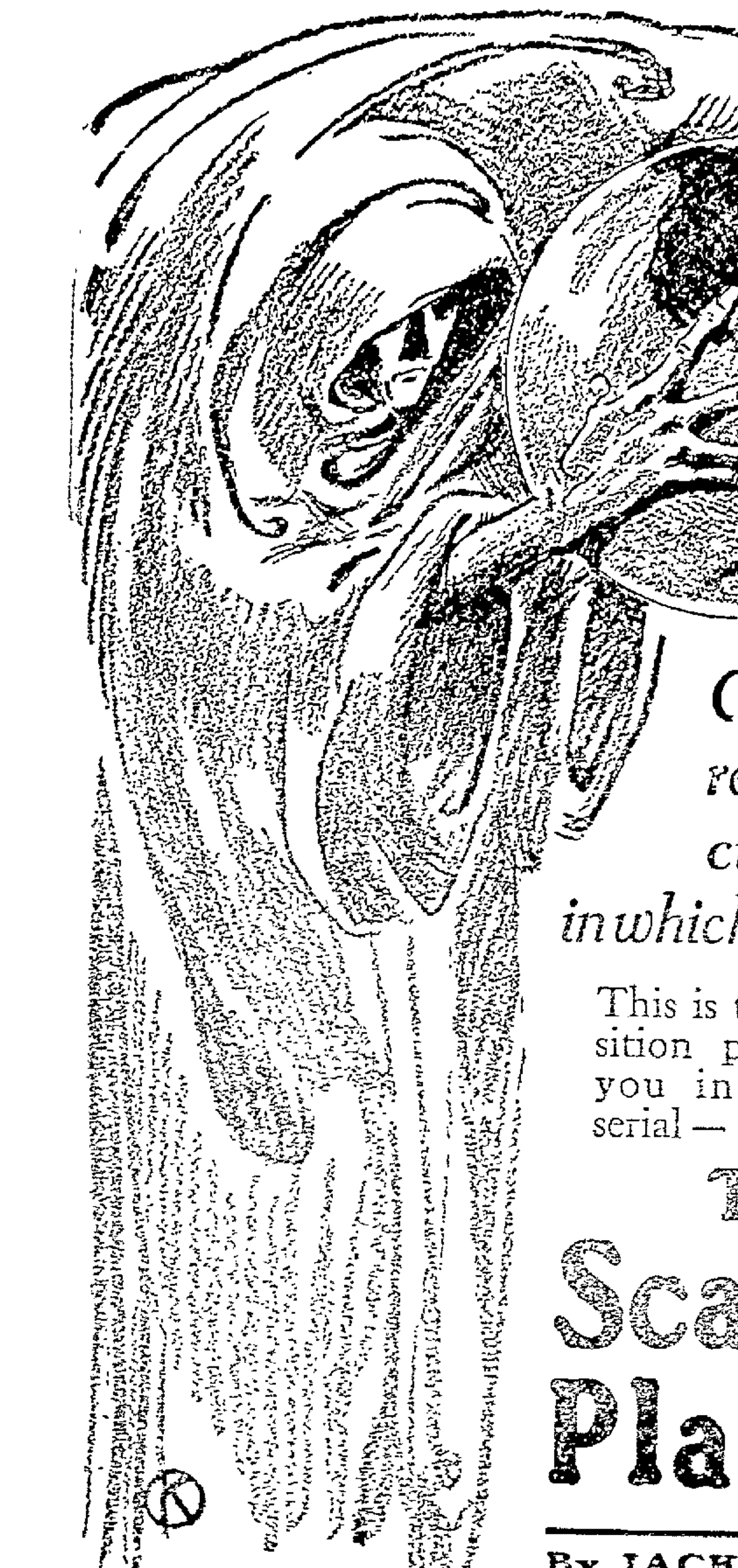
Dozens of Other Lines Equally Reduced in Price.

G. W. WEAVER & SON

GETTYSBURG PENNA.

NewspaperARCHIVE®

NewspaperARCHIVE®



Could you rebuild the civilization in which you live?

This is the proposition put before you in our new serial—

The Scarlet Plague

By JACK LONDON

One of the Best Stories Ever Written by This Popular Author

THE SCARLET PLAGUE strips from man the glamour of his civilized state and carries him back to the days of semi-barbarism.

The devastating sweep of an epidemic across the American continent takes with it the millions of people and every vestige of civilization. Only a handful of people remain between the Atlantic and Pacific oceans. Upon them devolves the task of again founding the race and rebuilding the Twentieth Century civilization.

If you were one of these people, what would you do? Could you rebuild the civilization you enjoy today, or would you sink into aboriginal barbarity?

Be Sure to Get the Issue With the First Chapter of This Remarkable Story

Several Second Hand Automobiles

for Sale

AND 3 SECOND HAND MOTORCYCLES

All in good shape.

Persons desiring to buy second hand machine would do well to examine these cars.

Either five passenger or two passenger cars--as desired.

CENTRAL AUTO COMPANY.

64 York Street, Gettysburg, P

"Why Does Papa Walk The Floor?"

At night? Baby is restless and will not sleep. Too many fathers and mothers have sleepless nights because of baby's little nerves. He must be soothed—give your boy or girl baby a dose of

DR. FAHRNEY'S TEETHING SYRUP

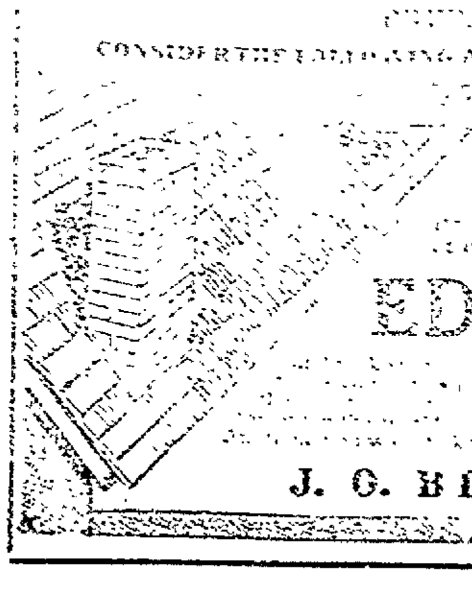
The greatest infant remedy in the world. [illegible] Trial bottle free [illegible]

[illegible] DRS. D. FAHRNEY & SON, Hagerstown, Md.

Are You Getting Ready to Build?

[illegible] Slate, [illegible] Dealer also in COAL, WOOD [illegible] PREPARED COKE

CONSIDER THE FOLLOWING ATTRACTIVE CEMENT SUGGESTIONS



Make the Chimney Cap of Cement

[illegible]

EDISON PORTLAND CEMENT

[illegible]

J. G. BLOCHER, Railroad & Carlisle Sts.

ADMINISTRATRIX'S NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Peter Myers late of Reading township, Adams county, Pa., deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

ALICE E. MYERS,
Administratrix,
Hampton, Pa.

Or her attorneys.
Wm. & Wm. Arch. McClean.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given to the stockholders of the First National Bank of Gettysburg that a special meeting of said stockholders will be held on Tuesday, the 16th day of FEBRUARY, 1915, between the hours of 11 o'clock a. m. and 12 m., in the Banking House of said Bank, in the borough of Gettysburg, Pa., to approve or disapprove the proposal on the part of the directors of said Bank, adopted at a regular meeting of said Board on the 12th day of October, 1914, to increase the capital stock of said Bank from $100,000 to [illegible]

[illegible] MUSSELMAN,
Cashier.

REPORT

Of the condition of the Gettysburg National Bank, at Gettysburg, in the State of Pennsylvania, at the close of business, Dec. [illegible], 1914.

RESOURCES.

Loans and [illegible]		$60[illegible].29
Overdrafts [illegible]		1,815.90
U. S. [illegible]		1[illegible],000.00
[illegible]		7,024.70
Bonds [illegible] same		231,7[illegible].47
Subscription to stock of Federal Reserve Bank $15400.00 Less amount unpaid 12848.50		2,551.50
All other stocks, including premium on same		2,462.50
Banking house $46,500; furniture and fixtures $8,500		55,000.00
Due from Federal Reserve Bank ...		10,000.00
Due from approved reserve agents in central reserve cities ...		9,629.04
Due from approved reserve agents in other reserve cities ...		15,423.26
Due from banks and bankers (other than above)..		28,092.13
Outside checks and other cash items $461.37; fractional currency $393.77..		855.14
Checks on banks in the same city or town as reporting bank ...		1,229.29
Notes of other national banks ...		1,470.00
Federal Reserve notes		259.00
Lawful money reserve in bank:		
Specie ...		25,826.80
Legal-tender notes		10,650.00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (not more than 5 per cent on circulation)		7,250.00
Total		$1,370,633.52
LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock paid in		$145,150.00
Surplus fund		110,000.00
Undivided profits .$52177.88 Less current expenses, interest and taxes paid.	4800.75	47,377.13
Circulating notes		145,000.00
Due to banks and bankers (other than above)......		84.68
Dividends unpaid		45.00
Demand deposits:		
Individual deposits subject to check $159039.59		
Postal savings deposits	594.57	
State and municipal deposits..	10000.00	159,634.16
Time Deposits:		
Deposits subject to 30 or more days' notice		753,342.55
Total		$1,370,633.52

State of Pennsylvania, County of Adams, SS:

I, E. M. Bender, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

E. M. BENDER Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 9th day of Jan., 1915

WM. L. MEALS. N. P.

Correct attest:
WM. McSHERRY
C. WM. BEALES
DONALD P. McPHERSON
Directors.

A NEW CREATION

WEBSTER'S NEW INTERNATIONAL DICTIONARY

THE MERRIAM WEBSTER

The Only New unabridged dictionary in many years.

Contains the pith and essence of an authoritative library. Covers every field of knowledge. An Encyclopedia in a single book.

The Only Dictionary with the New Divided Page.

400,000 Words. 2700 Pages. 6000 Illustrations. Cost nearly half a million dollars.

Let us tell you about this most remarkable single volume.

[illegible] Name this paper and we will send free a set of Pocket Maps.

G. & C. Merriam Co. Springfield, Mass.

HOW FARMS CONTRIBUTE

TO THE COMFORT AND LIVING OF THE FARMER AND FAMILY

The Returns and Restraints the Environment of the Famer Continually Places Upon Him.

(Communicated)

A mistaken impression prevails concerning the wealth derived from Farms.

The recent rise in the price of Wheat and Flour will be found to have been caused by over-estimation of the crops raised in 1914.

Allusion is sometimes made to a supposed Farmers Trust withholding grain from Market, until higher prices shall be offered. There exists no such combination.

The bulk of the grain raised in 1914 was marketed as early as possible by the Farmers, for they had urgent need of the money, although they believed prices would advance, they had to let the wheat go at about 90 cents per bushel; the corn and rye at about 60 cents, and the oats at 35 to 40.

The merchants and speculators also felt sure that prices would advance. Perhaps, they are governed by a syndicate which regulates the prices to be [illegible] in the several [illegible]. [illegible] to this effect is encouraged by [illegible] by the Government [illegible] the Chicago Board of Trade. [illegible] they are merely in accord [illegible] another in restraining the [illegible] prices. They all know the [illegible], and the lower the [illegible] the farmer, the greater the profit to themselves. This is business, and the merchants and speculators know it.

The few fortunate farmers who have withheld their grain from market, may now obtain $1.40 to $1.50 per bushel for wheat 75 to 80 cents for rye and corn, and 50 cents for oats. If they delay longer, they will get more. This advance comes about through no combination of the farmers. The experts over-estimated the supply, and the War in Europe creates an extraordinary demand.

Farmers depend upon, full yield of the crops mentioned for ready money to pay their help, taxes, interest and other unavoidable charges. They are kept under continual restraint from incurring unnecessary obligations, and rely upon the sale of poultry and dairy products for living and incidental expenses, improved seeds and farm implements.

The produce derived from the farm and applied to the living expenses of the farmer and his family, and the maintenance of the stock, include supplies of wheat to be taken to the Mill and made into flour for the family, with the outer shell of bran, and the coarser portion, as middlings, to be used as food for the animals. Considerable portions of the rye, oats and corn must also be retained as feed for the horses, cows, pigs, sheep and poultry.

Charges of extravagance and waste in the use of these cereals are often well founded. The use of rye for bread, and other purposes in the farmer's family is not so common now, as in former generations, but the use of corn continues. Corn is used for mush, bread, cakes, muffins and scrapel. The farmer receives less than two cents a pound for these cereals, which when subjected to the process of preparation for breakfast foods, are returned to him in packages of ten or twelve ounces, for which he must pay 10 or 15 cents per package.

In former days, much of the rye and corn were converted by local distilleries into whiskey, and enough came back to the farm in liquid form. The privilege of distilling is now denied to farmers, who are not, however, ignorant of the fact that no conversion they could make of their farm-products would be more profitable.

Likewise, many of our farmers raise tobacco, and by using some of it, they might reduce their living expenses, but they know better. We do not forget that shortly after the Civil War one of our most worthy and esteemed farmers was arrested and heavily fined for preparing and chewing tobacco, raised by himself. They may raise the tobacco, but they dare not crush the leaves into snuff, nor roll them into cigars for these processes are not farming, but manufacturing, and, like distilling, require Government License.

One of the principal faults to be found with farmers is that they do not raise enough of anything, and do not profitably market whatever they [illegible] raise, and can spare. [illegible]

[illegible]

Another omission, for which farmers are blamed, is failure to embellish every rocky, uncultivated knoll, and the remote neglected untilled recesses of every field with fruit-trees, berry-bushes and grape-vines. These plants should not only be set out, but properly attended to and protected, and they will yield profitable returns.

In considering the supplies in reduction of the living expenses afforded by the farm, it is pleasant to contemplate an abundance of fruit and vegetables and berries, and fresh milk and butter, and cheese, and eggs, and chicken, and sweet potatoes and ham, and preserves of all kinds to be brought out in due season by the mother of the household from her well-kept stores.

We review these delicacies in remembrance, which embraces many years. In anticipation of obtaining more, we must think of the many nimble fingers that must be employed in gathering the fruits and berries, and in preparing and preserving them, and of the continuous labor, industry and thrift of the farmer's wife and children, who must devote small portions of their fully occupied time to these tasks.

From the well managed farm may also be obtained other material supplies for the household, feathers for pillows and feather-beds, from the geese, and in these later days, also from the ducks and chickens.

Wool from the sheep, to be manufactured into blankets and comfortables.

Our predecessors also raised flax, from which supplies of linen were made at home.

From the pigs raised on the farm are obtained fresh and salt and smoked pork, and this should include not only enough for home use but a larger portion for market.

[illegible] the farmer is charged with the duty of raising provisions for the [illegible], who have no [illegible] of Farms. The prosperous [illegible] must pay twenty cents for [illegible] of what is called breakfast bacon. [illegible] are many [illegible] intermediaries, and sent to market in air-tight glass jars. If the farmer retains any of this for his family, it is called smoked-side-meat or old flitch.

The farm also provides a home and shelter, for which the family would have to pay rent; wood for the kitchen and other fires; stone and lumber for improvements and fences.

From the beeves, calves and sheep butchered supplies are retained for the household and from the hides are made harness, saddles, bridles, and leather for boots and shoes. The skins and pelts of some of these and other animals captured on the farm are converted into clothing and used for other purposes.

Quantities of broom-corn are converted into articles for household use, and brooms for sale, and the seed, like that of sorghum, is fine feed for the poultry and for the cattle and hogs.

The practice of crushing the sorghum and converting it into molasses is not practiced as extensively as it should be.

The trees about the house afford an aviary, shelter and protection for the song-birds, and by the exercise of proper care, the husbandman secures in his apiary the services of ten thousand workers, whose industry is proverbial.

The patent deeds also gave to the grantee and his successors as owners of the land, "free leave, right and liberty to hawk, hunt, fish and Fowl" in and upon the premises—to which the farmers' boys supplemented the right to boat and swim and skate, in season.

To have and to hold these comforts and a living from the farm, the farmer and his wife and children, and all who take refuge within his gates, must be up early and late, in season and out of season, ever alert and diligent, to protect, and increase the value of all the animals and derive every possible profit from every possible source.

There is no eight or ten hour law for them, or any of them, they must labor from the rising of the sun unto the going down of the same, and thereafter, all through the night, they must continue their watchfulness.

By diligence they may gather these comforts and a living from the farm, but despite the boasts and sneers and jeers, and the false alarms of many writers, who urge emancipated farmers' boys to get back to the farm, the most fruitful fields will not yield a living to those who do not labor for it.

Respectfully submitted,

JOHN R. KUHN

GOOD ADVICE

A Gettysburg Citizen Gives Information of Priceless Value.

When you suffer from backache,
Headaches, dizziness, nervousness,
Feel weak, languid, depressed,
Have annoying urinary disorders;
Do you know what to do?
Some Gettysburg people do.
Read the statement that follows.
It's from a Gettysburg citizen.

Testimony that can be investigated. George [illegible], [illegible] St., Gettysburg, says: "Doan's Kidney Pills [illegible] When I have [illegible] Doan's Kidney Pills [illegible] have taken Doan's Kidney Pills several times and they have always done good work."

Price 50c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. [illegible] had. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

THE York Springs Creamery has reported that in the last two weeks there has been an increase in milk brought of 50 per cent. Also that 90 per cent. of it is unadulterated while 10 per cent. of it is skimmed and watered.

TO ENJOY WINTER

Prof. Frankland demonstrates that COD LIVER OIL generates more body-heat than anything else.

In SCOTT'S EMULSION the pure oil is so prepared that the blood profits from every drop, while it fortifies throat and lungs.

If you are subject to cold hands or feet; if you shiver and catch cold easily: take SCOTT'S EMULSION for one month and watch its good effects. NO ALCOHOL.

14-40 REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

Income Tax Return

For the information and guidance of corporations, individuals and withholding agents who are obliged to file income tax returns, Revenue Collector Fred C. Kirkendall calls attention to the following requirements:

A return must be filed by every person who had a net income of $3,000 or over for the calendar year 1914.

[illegible] by a individual or corporation whose return of annual net income is [illegible] the calendar year to [illegible] first [illegible] subjects the [illegible] to an additional tax of [illegible] per cent [illegible] liable to [illegible]

The tax [illegible] until the last week when through inadvertance or oversight he may fail to file his return on time and thus subject himself to additional taxes and penalties.

Persons against whom tax has been withheld from salaries, rent or any other form of income have the right to file, either with the withholding agent or the Revenue Collector form 1008 claiming deductions and refund. This form must be filed not later than 30 days prior to March 1st and the annual returns of withholding agents should therefore not be filled until after Jan 29. Each return must, however, be filed on or before March first.

After the filing by the individual of form 1008 the withholding agent will return to him all tax withheld except on the amount of income in excess of the deductions and exemptions claimed.

Information required in connection with the preparation and filing of income tax returns will be furnished on application therefor, either in writing or in response to personal inquiry at the Internal Revenue Office in Lancaster, Pa.

THE U. S. GOVERNMENT in its "Pure Food Law" does not "indorse" or "guarantee" any preparation, as some manufacturers in their advertisements would make it appear. In the case of medicines the law provides that certain drugs shall be mentioned on the labels, if they are ingredients of the preparations. Ely's Cream Balm, the well-known family remedy, for cold in the head, hay fever and nasal catarrh, doesn't contain a single injurious drug, so the makers have simply to print the fact that it complies fully with all the requirements of the law.

Advertisement.

Chrysanthemums of Japan.

Although the chrysanthemum has reached its highest form of development in Japan, and is still reverenced as the imperial emblem, it was taken to Japan from China, where it has been brought to its highest state of cultivation. At the imperial chrysanthemum party given by his majesty the emperor of Japan in November every year one sees the most marvelous blossoms known to the floriculturist. The number of blossoms from one root is amazing. In one case no less than 700 flowers were seen growing from one plant. The festival of the chrysanthemum dates back to the Heian era, when the great ones of the empire used to call at the imperial palace and drink to the health of the imperial house from sake cups in which floated petals of the beautiful flowers.

Old Time Coining.

In the fifteenth century a skilled coiner, of whom there were but few, might be able to turn out by hand fifty or sixty coins a day, a result totally inadequate to cope with the vast quantity of treasure, chiefly silver, that shortly began to arrive from America. To multiply coiners was to multiply forgers, and thus the coining machine became a necessity of state. A laminating [illegible] coining press was [illegible] in Italy 1517, Spain 1548, [illegible] 1770 and England 1561, reign of [illegible] [illegible] presses were [illegible] Charles [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] the [illegible] family [illegible] of hymn [illegible] "[illegible]" [illegible] stanza:

[illegible]
[illegible] come to church
[illegible]

The list of things which "they" are unable to do might be indefinitely extended, and it seems a thing incredible that the author of the above verse should have written so beautiful and moving a hymn as "There is a green hill far away."—London Chronicle.

The SCARLET PLAGUE

By JACK LONDON

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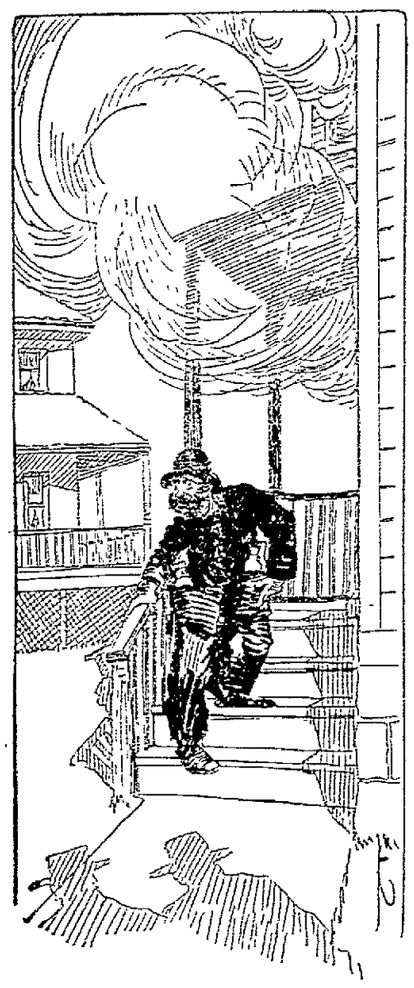
(Continued from last week.)

"Wearied by the unusual exercise of continual walking, that night I slept heavily. Canfield and Parsons, my last companions, were dead of the plague. Of the four hundred that sought shel-



The Miscreant Who Had Set Fire to It Staggered Down the Steps.

ter in the Chemistry building, and of the forty-seven that began the march, I alone remained—I and the Shetland pony. Why this should be so there is no explaining. I did not catch the plague, that is all. I was immune. I was merely the one lucky man in a million—just as every survivor was one in a million, or, rather, in several millions, for the proportion was at least that.

"For two days I sheltered in a pleasant grove where there had been no deaths. In those days, while badly depressed and believing that my turn would come at any moment, nevertheless I rested and recuperated. So did the pony. And on the third day, putting what small store of tinned provisions I possessed on the pony's back, I started on across a very lonely land. Not a live man, woman or child did I encounter, though the dead were everywhere. Food, however, was abundant. The land then was not as it is now. It was all cleared of trees and brush, and it was cultivated. The food for millions of mouths was growing, ripening and going to waste. From the fields and orchards I gathered vegetables, fruits and berries. Around the deserted farmhouses I got eggs and caught chickens. And frequently I found supplies of tinned provisions in the storerooms.

"A strange thing was what was taking place with all the domestic animals. The chickens and ducks were the first to be destroyed, while the pigs were the first to go wild, followed by the cats. Nor were the dogs long in adapting themselves to the changed conditions. There was a veritable plague of dogs. They devoured the corpses, barked and howled during the nights, and in the daytime slunk about in the distance. As the time went by I noticed a change in their behavior. At first they were apart from one another, very suspicious and very prone to fight, but after a not very long while they began to come together and run in packs. The dog, you see, always was a social animal, and this was true before ever he came to be domesticated by man. In the last days of the world, before the plague, there were many, many very different kinds of dogs—dogs without hair and dogs with warm fur, dogs so small that they would make scarcely a mouthful for other dogs that were as large as mountain lions. Well, all the small dogs, and the weak types, were killed by their fellows. Also, the very large ones were not adapted for the wild life and bred out. As a result the many different kinds of dogs disappeared, and there remained only, running in packs, the medium-sized wolfish dogs that you know today.

"The horses also went wild and all the fine breeds we had degenerated into the small mustang you know today. The cows likewise went wild, as did the pigeons and the sheep. And that a few of the chickens survived you know yourself. But the wild chicken of today is quite a different thing from the chickens we had in those days."

CHAPTER IV.

Beginning of Life Anew.

"But I must go on with my story. I traveled through a deserted land. As the time went by I began to yearn more and more for human beings. But I never found one, and I grew lonelier and lonelier. I crossed Livermore valley and the mountains between it and the great valley of the San Joaquin. You have never seen that valley, but it is very large and it is the home of the wild horse. There are great droves there, thousands and tens of thousands. I revisited it thirty years after, so I know. You think there are lots of wild horses down here in the coast valleys, but they are as nothing compared with those of the San Joaquin. Strange to say, the cows, when they went wild, went back into the lower mountains. Evidently they were better able to protect themselves there.

"In the country districts the ghouls and prowlers had been less in evidence, for I found many villages and towns untouched by fire. But they were filled by the pestilential dead, and I passed by without exploring them. It was near Lathrop that, out of my loneliness, I picked up a pair of collie dogs that were so newly free that they were urgently willing to return to their allegiance to man. These collies accompanied me for many years, and the strains of them are in these very dogs there that you boys have today. But in sixty years the collie strain has worked out. Those brutes are more like domesticated wolves than anything else."

Hare-Lip rose to his feet, glanced to see that the goats were safe, and looked at the sun's position in the afternoon sky, advertising impatience at the prolixity of the old man's tale. Urged to hurry by Edwin, Ganser went on:

"There is little more to tell. With my two dogs and my pony, and riding a horse I had managed to capture, I crossed the San Joaquin and went on to a wonderful valley in the Sierras called Yosemite. In the great hotel there I found a prodigious supply of tinned provisions. The pasture was abundant, as was the game, and the river that ran through the valley was full of trout. I remained there three years in an utter loneliness that none but a man who has once been highly civilized can understand. Then I could stand it no more. I felt that I was going crazy. Like the dog, I was a social animal and needed my kind. I reasoned that since I had survived the plague, there was a possibility that others had survived. Also, I reasoned that after three years the plague germs must all be gone and the land be clean again.

"With my horse and dogs and pony, I set out. Again I crossed the San Joaquin valley, the mountains beyond, and came down into Livermore valley. The change in those three years was amazing. All the land had been splendidly tilled, and now I could scarcely recognize it, such was the sea of rank vegetation that had overrun the agricultural handiwork of man. You see, the wheat, the vegetables, and orchard trees had always been cared for and nursed by man, so that they were soft and tender. The weeds and wild bushes and such things, on the contrary, had always been fought by man, so that they were tough and resistant. As a result, when the hand of man was removed the wild vegetation smothered and destroyed practically all the domesticated vegetation. The coyotes were greatly increased, and it was at this time that I first encountered wolves, straying in twos and threes and small packs, down from the wild regions where they had always persisted.

"It was at Lake Temescal, not far from the one-time city of Oakland, that I came upon the first live human being. Oh, my grandsons, how can I describe to you my emotions, when, astride my horse and dropping down the hillside to the lake, I saw the smoke of a campfire rising through the trees. Almost did my heart stop beating. I felt that I was going crazy. Then I heard the cry of a babe—a human babe. And dogs barked and my dogs answered. I did not know but that I was the one human alive in the whole world. It could not be true that there were others—smoke, and the cry of a babe.

"Emerging on the lake, there, before my eyes, not a hundred yards away, I saw a man, a large man. He was standing on an outjutting rock and fishing. I was overcome. I stopped my horse. I tried to call out, but could not. I waved my hand. It seemed to me that the man looked at me, but he did not appear to wave. Then I laid my hand on my arms there in the saddle. I was afraid to look again, for I knew it was an hallucination, and I knew that if I looked the man would be gone. And so precious was the hallucination that I wanted it to persist yet a little while. I knew, too, that as long as I did not look it would persist.

"Thus I remained, until I heard my dogs snarling, and man's voice. What do you think the voice said? I will tell you. It said: "Where in hell did you come from?"

"Those were the words, the exact words. That was what your grandfather said to me, Hare-Lip, when he

With My Horse and Dogs and Pony I Set Out.

greeted me there on the shore of Lake Temescal fifty-seven years ago. And they were the most ineffable words I have ever heard. I opened my eyes, and there he stood before me, a large, dark, hairy man, heavy jawed, slant browed, fierce eyed. How I got off my horse I do not know. But it seemed that the next I knew I was clasping his hand with both of mine and crying. I would have embraced him, but he was ever a narrow-minded, suspicious man, and he drew away from me. Yet did I cling to his hand and cry."

Granser's voice faltered and broke at the recollection, and the weak tears streamed down his cheeks while the boys looked on and giggled.

"Yet did I cry," he continued, "and desire to embrace him, though the Chauffeur was a brute, a perfect brute—the most abhorrent man I have ever known. His name was . . . strange, how I have forgotten his name. Everybody called him Chauffeur—it was the name of his occupation, and it stuck. That is how, to this day, the tribe he founded is called the Chauffeur tribe.

"He was a violent, unjust man. Why the plague spared him I can never understand. It would seem, in spite of our old metaphysical notions about absolute justice, that there is no justice in the universe. Why did he live?—an iniquitous, moral monster, a blot on the face of nature, a cruel, relentless, bestial cheat as well. All he could talk about was motor cars, machinery, gasoline, and garage—and especially with huge delight, of his mean pilferings and sordid swindlings of the persons who had employed him in the days before the coming of the plague. And yet he was spared, while hundreds of millions, yea, billions, of better men were destroyed.

"I went on with him to his camp, and there I saw her. Vesta, the one woman. It was glorious and . . . pitiful. There she was, Vesta Van Warden, the young wife of John Van Warden, clad in rags, with marred and scarred and toil-calloused hands, bending over the campfire and doing scullion work—she, Vesta, who had been born to the purple of the greatest baronage of wealth the world had ever known. John Van Warden, her husband, worth one billion eight hundred millions, and president of the Board of Industrial Magnates, had been the ruler of America. Also, sitting on the Industrial Board of Control, he had been one of the seven men who ruled the world. And she herself had come of equally noble stock. Her father, Philip Saxon, had been President of the Board of Industrial Magnates up to the time of his death. This office was in process of becoming hereditary, and had Philip Saxon had a son that son would have succeeded him. But his only child was Vesta, the perfect flower of generations of the highest [illegible] this planet has ever [illegible] was not until the [illegible] Vesta [illegible] Van Warden [illegible] that Saxon initiated the latter as [illegible] successor. It was, I am sure, a [illegible] marriage. I have reason [illegible] that Vesta never really loved [illegible] husband in the mad, passionate way of which the poets used to sing. It was more like the marriages that obtained among crowned heads before they were displaced by the Magnates.

"And there she was, boiling fish chowder in a soot-covered pot, her glorious eyes inflamed by the acrid smoke of the open fire. Here was a sad story. She was the one survivor in a million, as I had been, as the Chauffeur had been. On a crowning eminence of the Alameda Hills, overlooking San Francisco Bay, Van Warden had built a vast summer palace. It was surrounded by a park of a thousand acres. When the plague broke out, Van Warden sent her there. Armed guards patrolled the boundaries of the park, and nothing entered in the way of provisions or even mail matter that was not first fumigated. And yet did the plague enter, killing the guards at their posts, the servants at their tasks, sweeping away the whole army of retainers—or, at least, all them who did not flee to die elsewhere. So it was that Vesta found herself the sole living person in the palace that had become a charnel house.

"Now, the Chauffeur had been one of the servants that ran away. Returning, two months afterward, he discovered Vesta in a little summer pavilion where there had been no deaths and where she had established herself. He was a brute. She was afraid, and she ran away and hid among the trees. That night, on foot, she fled into the mountains—she, whose tender feet and delicate body had never known the bruise of stones nor the scratch of briers. He followed, and that night he caught her. He struck her. Do you understand? He beat her with those terrible fists of his and made her his slave. It was she who had to gather the firewood, build the fires, cook and do all the degrading camp labor—she, who had never performed a menial act in her life. These things he compelled her to do, while he, a proper savage, elected to lie around camp and look on. He did nothing, absolutely nothing, except on occasion to hunt meat or catch fish."

"Good for Chauffeur," Hare-Lip commented in an understone to the other boys. "I remember him before he died. He was a corker. But he did things, and he made things go. You know, dad married his daughter, an' you ought to see the way he knocked the spots outa dad. The Chauffeur was a son of a gun. He made us kids stand around. Even when he was croakin' he reached out for me once an' laid my head open with that long stick he kept always beside him."

Hare-Lip rubbed his bullet head reminiscently, and the boys returned to the old man, who was maundering ecstatically about Vesta, the squaw of the founder of the Chauffeur tribe.

"And so I say to you that you cannot understand the awfulness of the situation. The Chauffeur was a servant, understand, a servant. And he cringed, with bowed head, to such as she. She was a lord of life, both by birth and by marriage. The destinies of millions such as he she carried in the hollow of her pink-white hand. And, in the days before the plague, the slightest contact with such as he would have been pollution. Oh, I have seen it. Once, I remember, there was a Mrs. Goldwin, wife of one of the great magnates. It was on a landing stage, just as she was embarking in her private dirigible, that she dropped her parasol. A servant picked it up and made the mistake of handing it to her—to her, one of the greatest royal ladies of the land! She shrank back, as though he were a leper, and indicated her secretary to receive it. Also, she ordered her secretary to ascertain the creature's name and to see that he was immediately discharged from service. And such a woman was Vesta Van Warden. And her the Chauffeur beat and made his slave.

"—Bill—that was it: Bill, the Chauffeur. That was his name. He was a wretched, primitive man, wholly devoid of the finer instincts and chivalrous promptings of a cultured soul. No, there is no absolute justice, for to him fell that wonder of womanhood, Vesta Van Warden. The grievousness of this you will never understand, my grandsons: for you are yourselves primitive little savages, unaware of aught else but savagery. Why should Vesta not have been mine? I was a man of culture and refinement, a professor in a great university. Even so, in the time before the plague, such was her exalted position, she would not have deigned to know that I existed. Mark, then, the abysmal degradation to which she fell at the hands of the Chauffeur. Nothing less than the destruction of all mankind had made it possible that I should know her, look in her eyes, converse with her, touch her hand—aye, and love her and know that her feelings toward me were very kindly. I have reason to believe that she, even she, would have loved me, there being no other man in the world except the Chauffeur. Why, when it destroyed eight billions of souls, did not the plague destroy just one more man, and that man the Chauffeur?

"Once, when the Chauffeur was away fishing, she begged me to kill him. With tears in her eyes she begged me to kill him. But he was a strong and violent man, and I was afraid. Afterward I talked with him. I offered him my horse, my pony, my dogs, all that I possessed, if he would give Vesta to me. And he grinned in my face and clubbed his head. He was very [illegible]. He said that in the old days he had been a servant, had been dirt under the feet of men like me and of women like Vesta, and that now he had the greatest lady in the land to be servant to him and cook his food and nurse his brats. 'You had your day before the plague,' he said; 'but this is my day, and a damned good day it is. I wouldn't trade back to the old times for anything.' Such words he spoke, but they are not his words. He was a vulgar, low-minded man, and vile oaths fell continually from his lips.

(Continued next week.)

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NORMAN J. REYNOLDS of York, a son of Mr. and Mrs. Pius Reynolds of near East Berlin, has gone to Florida to recover his health. Recently Mr. Reynolds underwent a severe operation in which a piece of bone from his leg was grafted to his backbone where it was necessary to remove a piece on account of a tubercular affection.

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REGISTER'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given to all legatees and other persons concerned, that the administration accounts hereinafter entered will be presented at an Orphans' Court of Adams County for confirmation and allowance on MONDAY, MARCH 1, 1915, at 10.30 a. m., of said day.

16. The first and final account of G. H. Trostle, administrator of the estate of Frederick Trimmer, late of Huntington township, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

17. The first and final account of David P. Forney, executor of the will of Maria S. Shultz, late of Gettysburg Borough, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

18. The first and final account of Ellen Shanefelter, executrix of the will of Henrietta Lingg, late of McSherrystown Borough, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

19. The first and final account of A. H. Parr, executor of the will of Jane C. Worley, late of Mt. Pleasant township, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

20. The first account of Harry W. Lookinbill, administrator of the estate of Daniel Lookinbill, late of Abbottstown Borough, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

21. The first and final account of Harry E. Lerew, executor of the will of Daniel Lerew, late of York Springs Borough, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

22. The first and final account of John M. Blocher, administrtor d. b. n. of Augustus Hartzell, late of Franklin township, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

23. The first and final account of Rev. Charles H. Slinghoff and Milton E. Snyder, executors of the will of Melchoir Slinghoff, late of Mt. Pleasant township, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

C. W. GARDNER,
Register of Wills.

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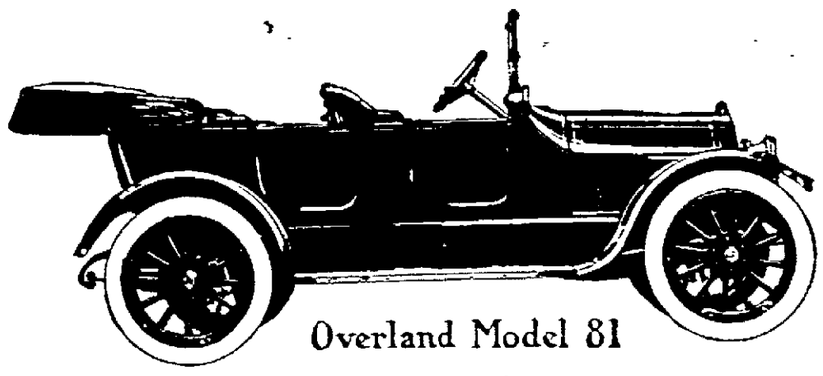

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PUBLIC SALE

On SATURDAY, the 6th day of MARCH, 1915, the undersigned will sell at her residence in Fairfield, the following personal property: Oak bedroom suit, bed spring, spring cot, 2 mattresses, chamber set, lounge, parlor tet-a-tete, 2 marble slab tables, oak table, dining table, extension table, bookcase, book shelves, 5 rocking chairs, chairs, revolving chair, 6 cane-seated chairs, hair cloth rocker, foot-rest, towel rack, four-legged stool, 6 lamps, 2 of them hanging lamps, lot of good books, 22 yds. Brussels carpet, 19 yds. Ingrain carpet, 30 yds. rag carpet, 36 yds. matting, lot of pictures and picture frames, curtain stretcher, Brusels carpet stretcher, lot of window screens, 3 stoves, 1 Blue Flame coal oil stove, an egg stove and a "Perfect" range, wash boiler, 2 wringers, 3 tubs, "Perfect" washing machine, lot of dishes, pots, pans and kettles, copper kettle, canned fruit, crocks, glass jars, baskets, and buckets, 6 sad-irons, wheelbarrow, shovels, hoes, saws and axes, brooder, 1-horse wagon, sleigh, 1-2 dozen chicken coops, porch bench, and two porch chairs, lawn mower, ice cream freezer, large step-ladder, potatoes by the bushel, 2 tons hay, 1000 bushels of corn, rotary pump for a 3 inch pipe, and many articles too numerous to mention. Sale to begin at 1 o'clock p. m., at which time the terms will be made known by

ANNA H. MACKLEY.
Jas. Caldwell, Auct

PUBLIC SALE

On TUESDAY, FEB. 23, 1915, the undersigned intending to reduce his stock at public sale on the farm known as the old Trostle farm in Mt. Joy township, Adams county, Pa., about 3 1-2 miles south of Gettysburg, 1 1-2 miles from St. Mark's Church, on the Baltimore pike, and 1 1-2 miles from Round Top will offer 9 head of HORSES and MULES, consisting of 1 black mare rising 10 years old, will work wherever hitched, an excellent saddle mare, weighing about 1400 lbs., with foal by my horse, 1 dark bay mare coming 11 years old, regular family mare, excellent in the lead, with foal by my horse, 1 bay stallion 10 years old, weighing about 1300 lbs., a good offside worker with lots of style These horses are fearless of all objects; 6 head of mules coming 2 and 3 years, 1 pair extra fine mouse colored mare mules, well broken double, 1 pair black horse mules with good size and well broken, 1 pair of odd mules, 1 bay horse mule and 1 black mare mule of good size and shape; 20 head of dehorned CATTLE, Durham and Holstein crossed; 11 head of milk cows, 1 big Durham cow will be fresh middle of March, 1 big blue cow will be fresh middle of October, 1 Durham heifer will be fresh by day of sale, 1 Durham heifer, will be fresh the middle of May, 1 Durham heifer fresh the middle of April, 2 Holstein heifers will be fresh the middle of October, 2 Jersey cows Jersey heifer will be fresh by day of sale, Holstein bull weighing about 1250 Durham heifers 6 months old, 6 stock Durha mheifers 6 months old, 2 stock bulls fit for service; 20 head of HOGS, 16 head of shoats weighing from 40 to 80 lbs., 3 brood sows, 2 will have pigs by day of sale, the other the middle of April, 1 stock boar; this stock of hogs are full Berkshire. Anybody wishing to see this stock should call and attend this sale. Ten months credit will be given on all purchases over $5. Sale to begin at 12 o'clock sharp.

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-:- The Last Call on :-:

Fall and Winter Suits, Coats, Skirts and Dresses

In order to close our fiscal year with as little stock as possible in these lines, we have made the prices on full and entire line HALF-PRICE. We have still a fair assortment in each line and these prices make them a purchase "like getting money from home." : : : : : : :

50 Tailored Suits of a former season
Were $15.00, $20.00, and $25.00
Now $4.00, $5.00 and $6.00

60 Children's Coats
Ranging in sizes from 6 to 14 years. Were $4.00, $5.00 to $8.00 put into three lots at
$1.00, $1.50 and $2.00
Splendid Heavy School Coats.

25 Junior Misses' Coats
Size range 13, 15 and 17 years. High grade qualities of Winter of 1913-14. Were $8.00, $10.00 to $20.00.
Now $2.50, $3.00, $4.00

30 Small Children's Coats
Size 1 year to 6 years. Were $3.00, $4.00 to $5.00.
Now $1.00, $1.50, $200

50 Fine Wool Dress Skirts
Many of them new this fall. Were $5.00, $6.00 to $10.00.
Now $2.50, $3.00 to $5.00.

30 Silk and Wool Dresses
Were $10.00, $12.00, $14.00.
Now $5.00, $6.00 to $7.00.

100 Silk and Lingerie Waists
Splendid Styles. Were $1.00, $1.50 up to $7.50.
Now 50 cts., 75 cts. to $3.50.

Big Lot Wash Waists
Slightly soiled and mussed. Were $2.00 and $3.50.
Now 50 cents
Mostly in sizes 34, 36, 40, 42, 44.

Dozens of Other Lines Equally Reduced in Price.

G. W. WEAVER & SON

GETTYSBURG PENNA.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
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RECEIPTS and EXPENDITURES of ADAMS COUNTY for 1914

Agreeable to an Act of Assembly, entitled an Act to raise the County Rates and Levies requiring the Commissioners of the respective Counties to publish a statement of the receipts and expenditures yearly, we the Commissioners of the County of Adams, do report as follows: from the 5th day of January 1914, to the 4th day of January 1915; G. E. Spangler, County Treasurer, and the Commissioners in account with the County of Adams.

DR.

Balance at last settlement..$	2551.20
Outstanding taxes 1910.....	4.70
Outstanding taxes 1912.....	2488.96
Outstanding taxes 1913.....	9708.54
Outstanding quit rent 1912..	163.23
Outstanding quit rent 1913..	162.73
Outstanding tax liens.......	110.80
County tax duplicate 1914 (regular)	54083.14
County tax duplicate 1914 (spring)	145.44
County tax duplicate 1914 (money-regular)	15721.59
County tax duplicate 1914 money-spring)	119.60
Dog tax duplicate 1914 regular-spring)	1810.50
Dog tax duplicate 1914 (spring)	135.00
Temporary loans..........	36900.00
Fine Hotel Gettysburg (1913)	50.00
Fine C. L. Myers J. P.... (collected)	2.50
Fine W. A. Bigham........	200.00
Fine Riley S. Harnish (collected)	14.00
Fine Frank Sadler (on account)	80.00
Fine Walter A. Small......	100.00
Fine Wm. E. Olinger (Staub & Myers	200.00
Fine G. R. Thompson...... (Mauss)	100.00
Fine J. L. Hill J. P. (collected)	4.00
Support of Insane:	
Chas. W. Bucher guardian.. (David Hake)	52.25
Dauphin County Poor Directors (Rose Noel)	91.75
Edward Gitt (Clayton Gitt).	23.25
Elsie Braunreuter (Hettie... Braunreuter)	19.50
D. P. McPherson Atty (Sarah Ruff)	311.25
J. Bell Weaver (Robt Weaver)	15.70
Commonwealth Costs:	
David Alleman..............	26.95
Wm. E. Olinger (Huber Penn)	15.25
Wm. E. Olinger (I. W. Fair)	22.86
W. E. Olinger (Edw. Cullison)	14.35
Wm. E. Olinger (Harry Albright)	31.20
Wm. E. Olinger (Arnold)..	9.75
Wm. E. Olinger (Edw. Shealy)	15.65
Wm. E. Olinger (Houck)....	9.75
Wm. E. Olinger (Wentz)....	21.41
Wm. E. Olinger (Ambrose)..	32.88
Wm. E. Olinger (Cassatt)..	18.30
Wm. E. Olinger (Himes)...	16.40
Wm. E. Olinger (Walter A. Small))	63.05
Wm. E. Olinger (No. 15 Aug-'14)	20.50
Wm. E. Olinger (No. 13 Jan-'14	16.17
Wm. E. Olinger (No. 25 Aug-'14	41.85
Wm. E. Olinger (No. 36 Aug-'14)	15.50
Wm. E. Olinger No. 37 Aug-'10	19.10
Wm. E. Olinger (No. 33 Aug-'14)	32.98
Wm. E. Olinger (No. 7 Aug-'14)	34.55
Wm. E. Olinger (H. Small)..	16.20
Wm. E. Olinger (No. 2 Nov-'14)	17.30
Wm. E. Olinger (No. 8, No. 9, No. 5, Nov-'14)	59.60
Wm. E. Olinger (Kump)....	7.40
Wm. E. Olinger (Staub & Myers)	13.13
Wm. E. Olinger (Mackley)..	20.62
Wm. E. Olinger (No. 12 Aug-'14	28.37
Wm. E. Olinger (Robt. Johnson)	16.81
Melvin Reibold..............	15.92
Robt. E. Wible (Henry).....	15.30
Morris Sherman...........	5.00
W. A. Bigham.............	40.00
Chas. Shover..............	1.00
Frank Sadler (Jas. Sadler)..	6.54
Thaddeus Flemming........	1.00
Jno. Forry...............	5.00
G. R. Thompson (Mauss)...	6.75
Miscellaneous:	
R. D. Myers, Treas. (old lumber)	15.00
Ella E. Toot (quit rent release)	10.00
W. Howard Dicks (old lumber)	8.00
Arendtsville School District Special Elec.	66.08
T. Marshall Mehring (Com. pleas jury fee)	4.00
G. D. Rahn Col. (exonerated tax 1913)	4.20
Annie W. & W. H. O'Neal quit rent releases	60.00
Gettysburg Nat. Bank (interest returned)	31.25
W. H. Annie & J. W. C. O'Neal (quit rent release)	41.20
T. Marshall Mehring (com. pleas jury fee)	4.00
T. Marshall Mehring (com. pleas jury fee)	4.00
G. E. Spangler. Co. Treas. (Co. share liquor license..	900.00
G. E. Spangler. Co. Treas. (non.-res. hunter's license)	10.00
Additional Taxes:	
N. S. Brown col. East Berlin (not assessed) 1914......	5.50
Martin Flohr. Liberty (exonerated 1913	.63
Spring assessments (1912)..	42.31
Spring assessments (1913)..	386.00
Percentage added (1914)....	712.49
Total..................	$128077.10

STATEMENT OF TAX DUPLICATE FOR 1914.

District	Collector	County regular	spring
Abbs'tn.	J. Kinneman.$	428.58	$ 3.50
Arendtsville.	J Bushey	472.97	1.52
Bend'rs'v'le	W Routso'g	403.72	2.02
Berwick.	J Flickinger	784.82	4.72
Bigler'v'le.	G Slaybaugh	759.23	7.22
Butler.	W J Fohl....	1882.67	10.72
Conowago	G D Rahn.	2486.88	20.40
Cumberland.	H Beard	2300.32	19.28
East Berlin.	N Brown	1149.40	8.76
Fairfield.	E B Swope	521.46	2.28
Franklin.	A Carbaugh	2842.29	18.48
Freedom.	H Wenschhof	832.42	3.55
Germany.	J V Ulrich	1261.25	5.02
G'b'g.	H Bumbaugh..	6212.97	24.66
Hamilton.	Amos Baker	1589.17	12.90
Hamilt'ban.	H Shryock	1895.95	11.72
Highl'd.	W McGaughey	815.10	5.58
Huntington.	J Bream	2195.97	17.56
Latimore.	R R Flohr	2011.09	18.24
Liberty.	Chas Warren	1069.59	7.68
Littlest'n	W Wintrode	1532.86	11.12
McSherrystn.	F Klunk	1369.59	16.78
Menallen	L A Warren	2840.34	45.31
Mountjoy.	W Bereaw.	2116.55	18.26
Mt Pleasant.	P Keiser	2771.75	19.78
New Oxford.	J Winand	1543.92	28.71
Oxford.	H Rinehart..	1724.58	18.35
Reading.	B Nickey..	2271.64	20.90
Straban.	F Beamer	2524.79	17.66
Tyrone.	Wm Deatrick	1532.63	21.56
Union.	David Sell...	2285.64	7.78
York.	Springs. G Day	[illegible]	3.54
Total		[illegible]	[illegible]

Money

District	Collector	regular	spring
Abbs'tn.	J. Kinneman.	187.47	
Arendtsville.	J Bushey	156.61	
Bend'rs'v'le	W Routso'g	208.18	
Berwick.	J Flickinger	[illegible]	
Bigler'v'le.	G Slaybaugh	[illegible]	77.60
Butler.	W J Fohl....	[illegible]	[illegible]
Conowago.	G D Rahn	[illegible]	
Cumberland.	H Beard	[illegible]	
East Berlin.	N Brown	[illegible]	
Fairfield.	E B Swope	[illegible]	
Franklin.	A Carbaugh	[illegible]	
Freedom.	H Wenschhof	[illegible]	
Germany.	J V Ulrich	[illegible]	
G'b'g.	H Bumbaugh	[illegible]	
Hamilton.	Amos Baker	[illegible]	
Hamilt'ban.	H Shryock	[illegible]	
Highl'd.	W McGaughey	[illegible]	[illegible]
Huntington.	J Bream	[illegible]	[illegible]
Latimore.	R R Flohr	[illegible]	[illegible]
Liberty.	Chas Warren	[illegible]	
Littlest'n	W Wintrode	[illegible]	32.86
McSherrystn.	F Klunk	[illegible]	
Menallen	L A Warren	[illegible]	
Mountjoy.	W Bereaw	[illegible]	1.65
Mt Pleasant.	P Keiser	[illegible]	12.00
New Oxford.	J Winand	[illegible]	
Oxford.	H Rinehart	[illegible]	
Reading.	B Nickey	[illegible]	9.40
Straban.	F Beamer	[illegible]	.30
Tyrone.	Wm Deatrick	[illegible]	
Union.	David Sell	[illegible]	
York	Springs. G Day	[illegible]	
Total		[illegible]	[illegible]

District	Collector	Dog regular	spring
Abbs'tn.	J. Kinneman.	6.50	1.50
Arendtsville	J Bushey	11.00	1.00
Bend'rs'v'le.	W Routso'g	13.50	1.00
Berwick.	J Flickinger	31.50	2.50
Biglerv'le	G Slaybaugh	15.50	2.00
Butler.	W J Fohl....	75.50	3.00
Conowago	G D Rahn.	51.50	8.50
Cumberland.	H Beard	96.00	7.00
East Berlin.	N Brown	12.00	1.00
Fairfield.	E B Swope	8.50	
Franklin.	A Carbaugh	107.00	4.00
Freedom.	H Wenschhof	38.50	2.50
Germany.	J V Ulrich	39.50	5.00
G'b'g.	H Bumbaugh..	77.50	.50
Hamilton.	Amos Baker	46.00	3.00
Hamilt'ban.	H Shryock	106.00	5.50
Highl'd.	W McGaughey	31.50	4.00
Huntington.	J Bream	111.50	5.50
Latimore.	R R Flohr	77.00	7.00
Liberty.	Chas Warren	66.50	4.00
Littlest'n.	W Wintrode	11.50	
McSherryst'n	F Klunk	28.00	1.00
Menallen.	L A Warren	129.50	12.00
Mountjoy.	W Bereaw	66.50	5.00
Mt Pleasant.	P Keiser	131.50	9.00
New Oxford.	J Winand	21.00	.50
Oxford.	H Rinehart..	18.50	4.50
Reading.	B Nickey..	91.50	12.50
Straban.	F Beamer..	198.00	10.50
Tyrone.	Wm Deatrick	63.00	8.00
Union.	David Sell....	37.50	3.00
York Springs.	G Day	10.50	.50
Total		$810.50	$135.00

CR.

OUTSTANDING TAXES—1912.

Bendersville .....$	13.91	
Franklin	49.01	
Gettysburg	350.85	
Hamilton	89.47	
New Oxford.....	28.80	532.07

1913.

Bendersville	78.27	
Franklin	461.39	
Gettysburg	567.46	
New Oxford	65.01	1106.13

1914.

Abbottstown	12.73	
Arendtsville	177.59	
Bendersville	331.62	
Berwick	112.58	
Biglerville	87.79	
Butler	516.23	
Conowago	477.54	
Cumberland	536.31	
East Berlin.....	settled	
Fairfield	31.32	
Franklin	[illegible]	
Freedom..........	116.15	
Germany	[illegible]	
Gettysburg	1511.72	
Hamilton	settled	
Hamiltonban	812.55	
Highland	263.57	
Huntington	651.[illegible]	
Latimore	[illegible]	
Liberty	248.23	
Littlestown	79.70	
McSherrystown ..	616.70	
Menallen	662.96	
Mountjoy	211.28	
Mountpleasant ...	526.12	
New Oxford......	[illegible]	
Oxford	421.22	
Reading	272.21	
Straban	1085.59	
Tyrone	116.57	
Union	59.17	
York Springs.....	90.04	11817.19

OUTSTANDING QUIT RENTS

Gettysburg (1912)	163.23	
Gettysburg (1913)	57.73	
Gettysburg (1914)	188.73	409.69

OUTSTANDING TAX LIENS

Entered prior to 1914	73.12	
Entered 1914......	19.09	92.21
Collectors fees 1910	.08	
Collectors fees 1912	95.71	
Collectors fees 1913	408.23	
Collectors fees 1914	1498.09	
Collectors fees quit rents. 1913.....	5.00	2007.11

POSTAGE AND PRINTING

Collectors (1912)..	23.72	
Collectors (1913)..	80.21	
Collectors (1914) .	29.70	133.63
Abatements (1914)	2523.34	
Exonerations. 1910	3.10	
Exonerations. 1912	167.08	
Exonerations. 1913	828.19	
Exonerations. 1914	69.20	3590.91

COUNTY ORDERS

Almshouse	13200.00
Temporary loans paid off...	29500.00
Discount and interest.........	1678.51
State tax on county bonds..	200.00
Interest on county bonds....	1880.00
Postage. Co. Supt.. Commissioners and Co. Treas. offices	189.13
Adams County Agricultural Association	31.60
Biglerville A. H. & P. Association	522.00
School director's association.	200.00
Teachers Institute...........	200.00
Police services (Emmons and Shealer)	20.00
Registrars of Vital Statistics	321.50
Burial of soldiers.........	1300.00
Tombstones for soldiers.....	150.00
Isaac Carter. salary as janitor	300.00
Isaac Carter. extra services (1913)	10.00
Isaac Carter. extra services (1914)	5.00
Isaac Carter. washing towels (1914)	5.00
Overpaid taxes (J V Uirich col. Germany)	2.28
Overpaid taxes (C S Young col. Mountjoy)	3.82
Overpaid taxes (D L Plank col. Straban)	4.20
Overpaid taxes (D F McPherson)	22.05
Overpaid taxes (J G Decker	13.73
Overpaid taxes (Mrs Wm Worley)	20.16
Overpaid taxes (C M Wolf col. Latimore)	15.25
Sinking fund appropriation..	1000.00
Viewers for division of Hamilton township	23.36
H H Mertz, binding newspaper files	15.00
Appropriation to Gettysburg Fire Co.	10.00
W E Olinger, committee for oiling Middle street	2.00
Investigating incorrigible child (Dr Witmer)	11.00
S Miley Miller, services on quit rent records	65.00
Appropriation to Fairfield G A R Post (Memorial Day)	20.00
Appropriation to Bendersville Post (Memorial Day)	37.00
Appropriation to Gettysburg Post (Memorial Day)	20.00
Appropriation to York Springs Post (Memorial Day)	15.00
Expenses, solicitor and clerk to Hbg. (State Treas.)	21.15
Dog tags (1914) J A Thompson	37.00
Ollie Carter for tree trimming	7.50
Law Library Association...	450.00
Expenses of Commissioners, Clerk and Solicitor (Com. Convention)	278.67
Appropriation to State Convention of Co. Commissioners	10.00
G W Baker, services on quit rent records	25.00
Mervin J Weikert, damages sheep killed by dogs	10.00
H J Riley, damages sheep killed by dogs	25.00
W H Leininger, damages sheep killed by dogs	12.00
Freight and express	15.98

OFFICE SUPPLIES

[illegible]

OFFICE SUPPLIES, PRINTING.

[illegible]

Donaldson Co. (Prof. Roth)	4.97
Roberts & Meek (Prof. Roth)	8.15
	$ 426.55
Bounties on noxious animals	1775.50
Making return of bounty claims	25.05

INQUESTS.

On the death of Edw. Stough ....$	15.12	
On death of Stover and Lochbaum ...	7.10	
On committing Ruth Sternour to asylum	44.39	$ 66.91

OFFICERS' SALARIES.

L. B. Slaybaugh. Co. auditor ....$	166.34	
G. B. Aughinbaugh. Co. auditor	165.00	
R. B. Diehl. Co. auditor	157.20	
Co. auditors (Sinking Fund Commission)	11.16	
C. S. Duncan. Atty. Co. auditors	35.00	
Jury Commissioners' pay	111.32	
E. H. Berkheimer. Reg. and Rec. ...	59.09	
J. A. Appler, Reg. and Rec.	1.70	
C. W. Gardner. Reg. and Rec.	22.10	
C. E. Stahle. Aud. county officers' accounts	35.00	
R E. Wible, Dist Atty	800.00	
Geo. W. Baker, Clk.	900.00	
N. R. Beamer, salary and expenses	985.45	
S. M. Keagy. salary and expenses	91.65	
S. Mc. Eicholtz. salary and expenses..	977.80	
J. D. Swope. solicitor	300.00	
T. Marshall Mehring Prothonotary	530.95	
Wm. E. Olinger. Clerk of Courts	731.55	
M. A. L. Trostle. Director of Poor, sal. and exp.	312.00	
Jacob E. Scareff, Director of Poor sal. and exp.	312.00	
P. P. Eisenhart. Director of Poor, sal. and exp.	312.00	
Dr. J. P. Dalbey. Physician to jail	20.00	
G. A. [illegible] Sealer and Inspector	1000.00	
J. A. [illegible] Sealer and Inspector, expenses	257.82	$ 1287.93

COMMONWEALTH COSTS.

Dismissed Cases:		
R. S. Harnish......	45.58	
H. M. Strang	17.26	
V. H. Lilly	174.55	
S. H. Meals	7.12	
J. L. Hill	30.62	
S. B. Gochenauer	8.17	
Harry Low	13.29	
Summary conviction R. S. Harnish	7.50	
G. R. Thompson. Sheriff	140.34	
Cost bill	2010.56	$ 2184.02

COURT EXPENSES.

G. R. Thompson, Sheriff	386.95	
Grand Jury pay......	309.73	
Petit Jury pay	2001.25	
Constables returns	678.92	
Advertising and Printing:		
Compiler	128.00	
Star & Sentinel	65.00	
Adams Co. Ind......	128.00	
Times Pub. Co.	66.50	
Court officers' pay...	448.96	
Stenographer's pay..	100.00	
Boarding jury	12.00	
Co. Detective's pay (Emmons in White case)	99.11	
Co. Detective's pay (Wilson)	72.00	$ 4671.43

PUBLIC PRINTING.

Adams Co. Ind.. Co. Account	115.50	
Adams Co. Ind.. Alms House Acct..	117.00	
Star & Sentinel. Co. Account	115.50	
Star & Sentinel. Alms House Acct.	117.00	
Compiler. Co. Acct...	115.50	
Compiler. Alms House Acct.	117.00	697.50
Outfit for Sealer and Inspector of W. & M. (Fairbanks)...		200.00

PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

Merchandise ....$	24.90	
J. Chronister, brushes	13.35	
Repairs (plumbing, carpentery and painting)	110.45	
Electric light and supplies	109.11	
Water rent	98.83	
Telephone rentals and tolls (C. V. Tel. & Tel. Co.	162.15	
Telephone rentals and tolls (Bell Co.)...	152.40	
Gettysburg Gas Co. (gas at Jail and Court House)	29.67	
Fuel	148.58	
Furniture (Com. office, Sealer, Reg. and Clk. of Ct.)..	75.99	
Winding clock	15.00	
Cleaning Court House (Jas. Carter)	34.82	
Insurance	4.10	
Ice	10.75	
Disinfectants	44.27	$ 1034.37

ELECTIONS AND REGISTRATIONS.

Advertising:		
Star & Sentinel	18.90	
Compiler	18.90	
Candles	2.55	
Assessors' pay, party enrollment	541.76	
Ballots (Star & Sentinel)	456.00	
Computing returns ..	45.00	
Supplies	121.00	
Delivering ballots ..	39.00	
Clerk hire	161.14	
Printing Check List Supplies	12.00	
Election officers' pay, rentals, etc.	1541.73	
General Election:		
Election officers' pay	1710.96	
Registry Assessors' pay	2086.50	
Printing	69.00	
Advertising:		
Star & Sentinel	135.00	
Compiler	135.00	
Adams Co. Ind......	135.00	
Postage	9.09	
Furniture (election booths, chains, etc.)	25.65	
Printing ballots (Star and Sentinel)	450.00	
Supplies (J. A. Thompson)	63.65	
Computing and Return Judges' pay..	72.59	
Candles	2.50	
Arendtsville School Election	64.58	$ 7918.67

ASSESSMENTS AND TAX DUPLICATES.

Assessors' pay ......$	2897.23	
Tax Receipts (New Oxford Item)	51.75	
Postage, Assessors	137.31	
Printing [illegible] (Star & Sentinel)	18.00	
[illegible]	100.00	
[illegible]	170.50	
[illegible]	15.00	
[illegible]	[illegible]	
[illegible]	218.7[illegible]	
[illegible]	[illegible]	
[illegible]	77.[illegible]	$ 3879.51

JAIL AND PENITENTIARY.

[illegible] ....$	1771.87	
[illegible]	247.50	
[illegible]	23.99	
G. R. Thompson, Sheriff	2920.[illegible]	
Merchandise	150.15	
[illegible]	177.37	
[illegible]	76.[illegible]	
Water rent	103.8[illegible]	
[illegible]	19.27	
[illegible]	.80	
Repairs (plumbing and carpentry)	39.73	
[illegible]	1.50	

Dr. Dalbey (Mary Plank)	12.00	
Dr. Dalbey (Jacob Moore)	60.00	
Nursing Jacob Moore (G. R. Thompson).	40.00	
Drayage	8.25	
Fuel	81.56	
G. R. Thompson transporting prisoners to Penitentiary	303.58	$ 4564.75
Support of Robert Tyler	12.00	
Support of insane (State Asylum) ..	1373.75	
Support of insane (Wernersville) ...	78.21	
Support of Cross children (Children's Aid Soc.)..	120.00	
Transportation of Furney to asylum	34.62	

ROADS AND BRIDGES.

Willoughby Run bridge (new) ...		
Times. Pub. Co. adv..$	2.75	
Compiler, adv.	3.00	
Adams Co. Ind. adv.	2.54	
Plans and specifict'ns	58.50	
Herman Bream, auto hire	3.25	
Inspection	8.80	
W. J. Eden auto hire	2.00	
Hartley-Ziegler Co. contract	1674.11	
Hartley-Ziegler Co. extras	7.89	
R. C. Paxton, paint'g	11.70	$ 1771.62
Road and bridge v'ws		413.75
Annual bridge inspection		119.70
Conowago and Union Twps., aid		100.00
State aid road (Biglerville Bor.)		3301.47
C. C. Crouse lumber (Robert's)		4.42
F. H. Beatrich, repairs, McIlhenny's.		1.50
H. W. Fohl, repairs, (Warren's)		66.11
H. W. Fohl, repairs (Fick's)		2.75
Jos. Souther lumber (C Schoan's)		27.72
H G Baker, repairs (Rhodes No. 2)		2.13
H. W. Fohl, repairs (Deardorff's Burnt Mill)		4.55
[illegible] Faber, repairs (Kuhn's Fording)		1.75
[illegible] Herring, repairs (Heck's Mill)		6.59
[illegible] repairs (Rhodes No. 1)		8.70
[illegible], lumber (Roth's Mill)		32.50
H. W. Fohl, repairs ([illegible])		7.65
[illegible] McIlhenny (Weikert's)		2.28
T. P. Riley repairs (Zora)		5.00
[illegible] Myers, lumber (Kinsdale)		80.52
C. R. Crouse, filling (Brighton road)		1.00
R. H. S. Gilbert repairs (Orrtanna)		2.70
Tate and Cole, lumber (Arendtsville)		36.50
[illegible] P. Hartman, repairs (Brown's & Markles)		23.70
Bushman & Mehring hardware (Kingsdale)		2.57
Carey & Rafensperger painting, Warren's.		28.40
Carey & Rafensperger, painting (Rhodes' No. 1)		66.00
C. Albert, filling (Spangler's)		2.00
D. P. Wagner, repair (Kuhn's Fording)		41.55
A. F. White, repairs (White's)		10.00
S. A. Worley, filling (Two Taverns)		2.00
C. Ralph Hart, filling (3 Deardorff Burnt Mill)		8.25
R. R. Criswell, painting (Roth's Mill)		40.00
Geo. Garrett, repairs (Geiselman's)		5.50
David Rhodes, repairs (Rhodes No. 1)..		31.88
J. A. Eckert, painting (Weaver's & Deckert's)		22.70
Geo. Bricka, repairs (White's)		22.00
Israel Crouse, repairs (Co. bridge in Union Twp.)		4.85
Tate & Cole, lumber (Reading's)		29.67
Harvey C. Brown, repairs (Kehler's Mill)		5.35
Lower Bros., oil (Warren's)		3.00
J. Harry Pecher, lumber (White's)		35.30
Jno. W. Fidler, repairs (Bender's (Church		7.75
Chas. M. Eicholtz, lumber (McDannell's & Baugher's)		25.17
D. E. Brandt, lumber (inter-county, Jacob's Mill)		1.46
I. M. Stoner repairs (Hereter's Mill)		3.31
W. F. Flemming, repairs (McIlhenny's)		3.30
Ralph Beamer, filling (Heiges' & Taylor's twice)		7.00
Co. Treas. fees		2441.44
Bal. on hand		$229.11
		$128077.10

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES.

Assets.

Outstanding taxes..............	$12455.39
Outstanding quit rents.........	409.69
Outstanding tax liens	92.21
Due from State bounties ('07 Act)	82.00
Due from State, primary election 1913	2032.62
Due from State, Biglerville A. H. & P. Asso.	522.00
Due from State, primary election 1914	2987.71
Due from State, bounties ('13 Act)	1775.50
Sinking Fund and interest thereon	4255.00
Bal. on hand	$289.11
	$33901.23

Liabilities.

County bonds	$50000.00
Temporary loans	35500.00
	$85500.00
Liabilities over assets	$51598.77

In testimony that the foregoing statement of receipts and expenditures, exhibited at the office of the treasurer of said County of Adams, is a true and correct copy as taken from and compared with the original remaining in the books at the office of the Commissioners and the Treasurer, we have hereunto set our hands and affixed the seal of this office at Gettysburg, this 2d day of February, 1915.

N. R. BEAMER (SEAL)
S. M. KEAGY (SEAL)
S. Mc. EICHOLTZ (SEAL)
County Commissioners.

Attest:
GEO. W. BAKER, Clerk.

AUDITOR'S REPORT.

To the Honorable, the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas of Adams County:

We, the undersigned, duly elected auditors to settle, adjust the public accounts of the Treasurer and Commissioners of said county, do report the following to be a general statement of said accounts, from the 1st day of January, 1914, to the 1st day of January, 1915, George E. Spangler, Treasurer, and the County Commissioners with the County of Adams as follows:

DR.

Bal on hand last settlement	2551.20
Duplicate for [illegible] 1914	54083.14
Duplicate for [illegible] 1914	15841.19
Duplicate for dog [illegible] 1914	1945.50
Outstanding tax for 1913	9708.54
Outstanding tax for 1912	2488.96
Spring assessments for 1914	145.44
Additional tax 1912	386.00
Additional tax 1912	42.31
Percentage added for 1914	712.49
Quit rent for 1913	188.73
Quit rent for 1913	162.73
Quit rent for 1912	163.23
Outstanding tax for 1910	4.70
Outstanding tax liens	110.80

TEMPORARY LOANS.

Arendtsville National Bank	2000.00
York Springs National Bank...	5500.00
Littlestown National Bank	8000.00
Citizens' Trust Company.......	8000.00
People's State Bank East Berlin.	2500.00
Chas. M. Eicholtz	2500.00
Biglerville National Bank	2500.00
Gettysburg National Bank	4000.00
Hotel Gettysburg, fine 1913.....	50.00
C. L. Myers, J. P., Cletus, Clepper & Loyd nail fine	2.50

W. A. Bigham, fine	200.00
Riley Harnish, J. P., John Delap, fine	1.00
Riley Harnish, J. P., Jas. Spangler, fine	10.00
Frank Sadler, James Sadler, fine	80.00
Walter Small, fine	100.00
Riley Harnish, J. P., Leslie Vaughn, fine	2.00
Riley Harnish, J.P., Earl Hughes fine	1.00
Wm. E. Olinger, Clerk, Staub & Myers, fine	200.00
G. R. Thompson, Sheriff, Mauss fine	100.00
J. L. Hill, J. P., Geo. Miller, John Miller & E. Gilbert, fine ...	3.00
J. L. Hill, J. P., Francis, fine..	1.00
D. B. Alleman, Commonwealth cost	26.95
W. E. Olinger, Clerk, Commonwealth costs, Huber Penn.....	15.25
W. E. Olinger, Clerk, Commonwealth, Irvin Fair	22.86
W. E. Olinger, Clerk, Commonwealth, Edw. Cullison	14.35
Melvin Reibold, Commonwealth No. 15 April 1913	15.92
W. E. Olinger, Clerk, Commonwealth, Harry Albright	31.20
R. E. Wible, Dist. Atty., Commonwealth, Henry Case	15.30
W. E. Olinger, Clerk, Commonwealth, No. 10 April, Arnold	9.75
W. E. Olinger, Clerk, Commonwealth, Edward Sheely	15.65
W. E. Olinger, Clerk, Commonwealth, No. 14, April 1913, Houck	9.75
Thad. Flemming, Commonwealth.	1.00
W. E. Olinger, Clerk, Commonwealth cost No. 8, April, Wentz	21.44
W. E. Olinger, Clerk, Commonwealth cost, No. 1, April, Ambrose	32.88
W. E. Olinger, Clerk, Commonwealth cost No. 13, April Cassatt	18.30
W. E. Olinger, Clerk, Commonwealth cost, Himes	16.40
Morris Sherman, Commonwealth cost	5.00
W. A. Bigham, Commonwealth cost	40.00
Chas. Shover, Commonwealth cost	1.00
Frank Sadler, Commonwealth cost for Jas. Sadler	6.54
Walter A. Small, Commonwealth No. 12, No. 20, 1914	63.05
W. E. Olinger, Clerk, Commonwealth cost, No. 17 Aug 1914	20.50
W. E. Olinger, Clerk, Commonwealth, No. 13 Jan 1914	16.17
W. E. Olinger, Clerk, Commonwealth, No. 25 Aug. 1914	41.85
W. E. Olinger, Clerk, Commonwealth, No. 36 Aug. 1914	15.50
W. E. Olinger, Clerk, Commonwealth, No. 37 Aug 1914	19.10
W. E. Olinger, Clerk, Commonwealth, No. 33 Aug. 1914	32.98
W. E. Olinger, Clerk, Commonwealth cost No. 7 Aug. 1914	34.55
W. E. Olinger, Clerk, Commonwealth cost Harry Small	16.20
W. E. Olinger, Clerk, Commonwealth cost, No. 2 Nov. 1914	17.30
W. E. Olinger, Clerk, Commonwealth cost No. 8, No. 9, No. 5	59.60
W. E. Olinger, Clerk, Commonwealth cost, No 11 Nov. Kump	7.40
W. E. Olinger, Clerk, Commonwealth cost, Staub & Myers..	13.13
W. E. Olinger, Clerk, Commonwealth cost Mackley	20.62
W. E. Olinger, Clerk, Commonwealth cost, No. 12 Aug. 1914	28.37
John Forry, Commonwealth cost.	5.00
G. R. Thompson, Sheriff, Commonwealth cost, Mauss	6.75
W. E. Olinger, Clerk, Commonwealth cost Robert Johnson...	16.81
C. W. Bucher, guardian support of insane for David Hake...	52.25
Dauphin Co. Directors Poor support of insane for Rosie Noel	91.75
Edward Gitt, support of insane for Clayton Gitt	23.25
Elise Braunreuter, support of insane for Hettie Braunreuter.	19.50
Dauphin Co. Poor Directors, support of insane for Rosie Noel	91.50
D. P. McPherson, Atty., support of insane for Sarah Ruff...	311.25
Dauphin Co. Poor Directors, support of insane for Rosie Noel	7.50
J. Bell Weaver, for Robert Weaver	15.70
R. D. Myers, for sale of old lumber	15.00
Ella B. Toot, quit rent release...	10.00
W. Howard Dicks, for sale of old lumber	8.00
Arendtsville School District, special election	66.08
Geo W. Baker, Clerk, Common Pleas jury fees	4.00
Exoneration tax 1913, Geo. D. Rohn	4.20
Annie W. & J. W. C. O'Neal, quit rent release	60.00
Return interest, Gettysburg National Bank	31.25
T. M. Mehring, Prothy., Common Pleas jury fees	8.00
W. H., Annie W. & J. W. C. O'Neal, quit rent release ...	41.20
County share liquor license....	900.00
Non-resident hunters' licenses..	10.00
Additional taxes, W. S. Brown East Berlin	5.50
Additional taxes, Martin Flohr Liberty township	.63
Total	$128077.10

CR.

By county orders ...$	97657.61	
Outstanding tax for 1914	11817.19	
Outstanding tax for 1913	1106.13	
Outstanding tax for 1912	532.07	
Col. fees for 1914..	1498.09	
Abatements for 1914	2523.34	
Exonerations for '14	69.20	
Postage and printing cards for '14..	29.70	
Outstanding quit rent for 1914	188.73	
Col. fees for 1913...	408.23	
Exonerations for '13	828.19	
Postage, and printing cards for '13..	80.21	
Outstanding quit rent for 1913	57.73	
Col. fees, quit rent for 1913	5.00	
Col. fees for 1912..	95.71	
Exonerations for '12	167.08	
Col. fees for 1910.	.08	
Exonerations for 1910	3.10	
Outstanding tax liens prior 1914	73.12	
Tax liens entered in 1914	19.09	
Outstanding quit rent for 1912	163.23	
Cards and printing for 1912	23.72	
Treas. Com. on Co. orders	2441.44	$119787.99
Bal due county		$289.11
		$128077.10

We, the undersigned, auditors of the County of Adams, State of Pennsylvania, elected and affirmed in pursuance of the law, do report that we met and did audit, settle and adjust according to law the accounts of the Treasurer and the Commissioners, commencing on the 1st day of January 1914, and ending on the 1st day of January, 1915, and that said accounts as stated above and entered on Record Book of the Commissioners' Office of Adams county are correct and that we find a balance due the said county of Adams by George E. Spangler, Treasurer of county, the sum of Eight Thousand Two Hundred eighty-nine and 11-100 ($8289.11) Dollars, and the [illegible] Thirty Thousand, Nine Hundred [illegible] and 20-100 ($[illegible]).

In testimony whereof, we have hereunto [illegible] our hands and seals at the office aforesaid this 2nd day of February, 1915.

[illegible] DIEHL (SEAL)
[illegible] SLAYBAUGH (SEAL)
[illegible] AUGHINBAUGH (SEAL)
County Auditors.

TREAS. A. C. S. D. REPORT.

[illegible] C. Arthur Griest, Treasurer [illegible] Adams County School Directors' [illegible]

DR.

[illegible]	$200.00
[illegible]	24.48
Received [illegible]	8.65
Total	$233.14

CR.

Paid for [illegible]	
Instructors	$110.00
[illegible]	40.00
Expenses of [illegible]	24.17
Printing	5.75
Board of [illegible]	1.00
Pencils	12.00
Secretary	3.00
Janitor	3.00
Postals and stamps	9.60
	$202.50
Bal. in hands of Treas.	30.64
	$233.14

We, the undersigned, duly elected auditors of Adams county, State of Pennsylvania, do certify that we examined and audited the accounts of C. Arthur Griest, Treasurer of the Adams County School Directors' Association, and find the same to be correct as above stated.

In testimony whereof, we have hereunto set our hands and seals this 2nd day of February, 1915.

ROBT. B. DIEHL (SEAL)
L. B. SLAYBAUGH (SEAL)
GEO. B. AUGHINBAUGH (SEAL)
Auditors.

AN ORDINANCE.

AUTHORIZING THE BOROUGH OF GETTYSBURG TO CONTRACT WITH GETTYSBURG LIGHT COMPANY FOR ELECTRIC LIGHTS.

WHEREAS, The Borough of Gettysburg by reason of the former excessive cost of electricity has heretofore authorized the construction, equipment, operation and maintenance of a municipal plant for furnishing electric lights for the streets and other public places within said Borough; and,

WHEREAS, The Gettysburg Light Company now offers to furnish and maintain all necessary electric street lights at an annual cost which does not exceed the annual cost at which the Borough could reasonably expect to operate and maintain a municipal plant for the same purpose, and thereby enabling the Borough to save the amount of the initial cost of constructing and equipping such municipal plant: therefore,

The Town Council of the Borough of Gettysburg, County of Adams and State of Pennsylvania does ordain:

Section 1. That the Borough of Gettysburg contract with the Gettysburg Light Company for the purchase from said company of electric street lighting for the period and at the prices and upon the conditions hereinafter contained, and that the President of the Town Council be directed to execute such contract in the name and on behalf of this Borough and that the seal of this Borough be affixed unto such contract [illegible] by the Secretary of the Town Council: [illegible]

[illegible]

(1). To furnish at a number as the Borough [illegible] lights or lamps to be [illegible] normal [illegible]

(2). [illegible] location of [illegible] Borough.

(3). All lights furnished shall burn and illuminate continuously through each and every night from one hour after sunset until one hour before sunrise, except on strictly cloudless, moon-light nights when they need not burn or illuminate from [illegible] hour after moonrise until one hour before moonset unless during such time the moon is obscured.

(4). A record showing the time of [illegible] said lights [illegible] by the Company which shall at all times be open to the inspection of the Borough [illegible] Borough shall be [illegible]

(5). If any of said lights be not lighted, or [illegible] full normal capacity for any [illegible] more than two hours in any [illegible] the Borough shall be entitled to deduct from the price [illegible] and over, Provided, that no deduction shall be made for outages occasioned by the act of God or causes beyond the reasonable control of the Light Company, when the Borough shall be entitled to deduct a proportionate amount for the time during which they were not so lighted. The written report of any police or other duly appointed officer or agent of the Borough as to the time during which said lights are not lighted as required shall be prima facie evidence of the same.

(6). The light Company shall furnish electric current for the lighting of the Engine House and Lock-Up free of charge to the extent of 416 K. W. per year, and the Borough shall pay for all current used in excess of that amount at the rate of six cents per K. W., as measured by a standard meter.

IN CONSIDERATION WHEREOF, the Borough of Gettysburg agrees to pay unto the Gettysburg Light Company in monthly installments on or before the 20th day of the calendar month next succeeding the month of consumption the following sums, less deductions and penalties hereinbefore mentioned, to wit:

For 32 candle power lamp at the rate of $10.25 per lamp per year.

For 60 candle power lamp at the rate of $11.65 per lamp per year.

For 80 candle power lamp at the rate of $13.41 per lamp per year.

For 100 candle power lamp at the rate of $16.48 per lamp per year.

For 250 candle power lamp at the rate of $36.74 per lamp per year.

It is mutually agreed that the period during which lights shall be furnished under this agreement shall commence on March 1, 1915, and be fully ended on March 1, 1920, and that the contract shall be binding upon and for the benefit of the successors and assigns of the respective parties.

It is hereby understood and agreed that neither the purpose nor intent nor the obligation of this contract, if and when approved by the Public Service Commission of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, is such as, to impair or in any wise effect the exercise by said Commission of any of the powers vested in it by the Public Service Company Law, approved July 26th, 1913.

Section 2. It is hereby understood and agreed that neither the purpose nor intent, nor the obligation of this contract, if and when approved by the Public Service Commission of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, is such as, to impair or in any wise effect the exercise by said Commission of any of the powers vested in it by the Public Service Company Law, approved July 26th, 1913.

Section 4. All ordinances and parts of ordinances inconsistent herewith and especially the ordinance adopted August 26, 1914, and approved September 1st, 1914, entitled "An Ordinance authorizing and regulating the erection, construction, equipment, operation and maintenance of an electric light plant with equipment and facilities for the furnishing of electricity for lighting the streets, highways and public places within the Borough of Gettysburg and providing for the costs thereof."

Section 3. The Gettysburg Light Company [illegible]

[illegible] BUTT

[illegible]

NOTICE.

[illegible] of the lower [illegible] the estate of Samuel Wolf [illegible] the heirs of said Samuel Wolf, deceased, has been [illegible] Court of Adams County [illegible] MONDAY, MAR. [illegible], 1915.

WM. E. OLINGER
Clerk O. C.

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NOTICE

In the Court of Common Pleas of Adams County, Pennsylvania.

In re: William G. Leas vs. East Berlin Railway Company.	No. 1 of April Term, 1914. In Equity.

To the Stockholders and Creditors of the East Berlin Railway Co.

Take notice that the first and final account of William D. Himes, Receiver of the East Berlin Railway Company, was presented to the above named Court on Jan. 8, 1915, together with a proposed Schedule of Distribution of the balance in hands; that the same will be finally confirmed, approved and adopted by said Court without further order or notice unless exceptions are filed thereto in my office before the hour of 10.30 a. m., on FEBRUARY 8, 1915. Said account and schedule are now on file in my office.

By order of Court.
T. MARSHALL MEHRING,
Prothonotary.

John D. Keith, Esq.,
Solicitor for Accountant.

In the matter of the Estate of Philip Cooley, late of the Bor. of Bendersville, County of Adams and State of Pennsylvania, deceased.	In the Orphans' Court of Adams County.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given to the heirs-at-law of Philip Cooley, deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, that an appraisement setting aside to Rebecca Cooley, widow of said Philip Cooley, deceased, property out of said estate amounting to the sum of Five Thousand Dollars, under the Act of April 1, 1909, has been filed in my office and confirmed nisi by the Court, to be confirmed absolute within thirty days therefrom unless exceptions thereto are filed within said period.

WILLIAM E. OLINGER,
j 17-3t.   Clerk.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the last will and testament of Harry Deardorff, late of Arendtsville, Adams county, Pa., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will present them without delay for settlement to the undersigned.

JOHN A. KNOUSE,
Executor,
Arendtsville, Pa.

Or his Attys.,
Wm. & Wm. Arch. McClean.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Dr. J. F. Mackley, late of Fairfield Borough, Adams county, Pa., deceased, have been granted to the undersigned and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims to present them properly authenitcated for settlement.

ANNIE MACKLEY,
Maytown,
Lancaster Co., Pa.,
Executrix.

Western Maryland Ry.

EFFECTIVE SEPT 57th, 1914

5.50 a. m. Daily for Hanover, York, and Baltimore.
8.39 a. m. Daily except Sunday for Hanover, York and intermediate points.
10.09 a. m. Daily for Hagerstown Waynesboro, Chambersburg, Hancock, Cumberland, Pittsburg, Chicago and the West, also Elkins, W. Va.
3.44 p. m. Daily for Hanover, York, Baltimore and intermediate stations.
5.38 p. m. Daily except Sunday for Hagerstown and intermediate stations.
11:22 p. m. Daily for Hagerstown, Cumberland, Pittsburgh and the West. Also W. Va. points.

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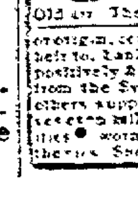

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The Comforters

"What's the Use of Worrying?"

By EDWARD BOLTWOOD
Copyright by Frank A. Munsey Co.

In the kitchen beneath Jernigan's bedroom the clock whirred and began to sound the hour. At the first jangling stroke Jernigan lifted his head and became aware, with a quick throb of gratitude, that he had been asleep. The question was, for how long? There was no daylight at the curtained window, but he was sure that it must be nearly sunrise, and in alert anxiety he counted the strokes of the clock.

Nine, ten, eleven—and silence. Jernigan groaned wearily. He had been in bed only thirty minutes, after all.

Through the doorway of the adjoining room, where his wife slept with the two children, he blinked at the white, dim hummock of Lizzie's back and listened to her placid breathing. Noiselessly he drew on some clothes, found a pair of slippers and glided swiftly down the dark stairway.

With a hand on the knob of the front door he turned and peered into his narrow parlor. The blue glare from an arc lamp in the street faintly illuminated the parlor table, revealing the bank book on it and his private account book and the sheets of paper covered with penciled figures. He hastily secreted them before he went out of doors.

* * * * * * *

Jernigan was the bookkeeper for Mr. Ellice at the Rudale mill, as his father had been before him. He was a skilled and honest accountant. The tormenting figures had nothing to do with his employer's affairs. They represented his own endeavor to deal with the terrible fact that during the past two years he had diminished by nearly $1,000 the modest capital which he had inherited from his parents.

He looked morosely down the deserted street toward the huge mill. Its windows glowed; its looms chanted their endless, sonorous hymn of prosperity. On a hill near by was the stately, old fashioned Ellice mansion, with its tall columns of white stone. Mr. Ellice was evidently entertaining an evening party there. The lamps of motorcars shot their golden beams over the lawn, and Jernigan heard a vagrant strain of dance music.

His vague plan was to stroll as far as the office of the mill before turning back.

Behind the building he halted in bewilderment. A light gleamed from a rear window. Somebody was in the office!

Now, it was impossible for Jernigan to believe that any one had rightful business there by night without his knowledge, so he crept close to the window. He saw a man standing beside the office table. On the table were books of account and sheets of paper covered with penciled figures. The man bent over them, then paced the room, then returned doggedly to the table, then paced the room again. Jernigan caught his breath, for the man was John Ellice.

The bookkeeper stared, as if in a theater, at a counterfeit presentment of himself pacing his own parlor. Ellice's unbuttoned coat showed a loose pajama jacket; he wore slippers, and his hair was ruffled like that of one driven from his bed. His face, as he bent at the table under the light, was drawn and white.

Jernigan interpreted the picture swiftly. Indeed, there was only a single possible meaning for him, and this was a meaning which swept everything else out of his simple soul as a gigantic and appalling torrent sweeps a humble valley. The sight of an Ellice of Rudale in the torment of financial worry was to a Jernigan what the sight of a collapse of the great pyramid would have been to an ancient Egyptian. Other affairs of life for Jernigan were totally obliterated by awe-stricken consternation and a sympathy almost reverent.

* * * * * * *

Ellice snapped off the electric lamp, pushed the papers into a drawer of the table and locked it. He decided that his daughter's dance would be over, and he wondered if he could sleep. Then he smiled grimly, knowing well enough that it was not dance music which had kept him awake. His [illegible] contracted sharply, as if something was perched on his shoulder.

His thoughts whirled back to the papers in the table drawer. Had he forgotten to jot down the loan from the Samson Trust? Of course he had! He began to compute the interest for the coming term. And what, in heaven's name, would be his next month's balance with the Atlas people? True, he might tide over this year, but— He threw open the outer door with a gesture of hopeless desperation and descended the steps.

"Who's that? Not Jernigan?"

"Yes, sir," faltered Jernigan. "If—I you can spare me a minute?"

"Why, certainly!"

Ellice managed to pull himself together. He glanced at his clerk's upturned coat collar and tremulous chin.

"You're not ill, Albert?"

"No, sir; just out for a little air."

"Quite right," approved Ellice. "Best thing in the world after a hard day's work. We're all right busy at Rudale now, eh? By Jove, it's fine to see the old concern more prosperous than ever! Well, what can I do for you?"

Jernigan was not deceived by his employer's labored nonchalance. The vision at the window had been too overpowering to allow of that. He cleared his throat diffidently.

"It's this way, Mr. Ellice. I have money, sir, to invest. Not much, of course, not over $12,000 or $15,000, but it's all my capital, and I—I'm worried about it, sir."

"Worried, Albert? You worried?"

Ellice darted a quick, suspicious glance at Jernigan's face, but the bookkeeper was gazing solemnly at the huge, clattering factory. The trustful look in his clerk's eye reminded Ellice of a confident child. For the moment Jernigan resembled a devotee in the presence of a benevolent idol.

"Your father, I understand, made safe investments," resumed Ellice. "Why not stick to them?"

"They don't suit me, sir," said the bookkeeper. "I was wondering if Rudale mill could use the money for awhile. I could turn it over to you tomorrow, and then I wouldn't have to worry any more."

Although conscious of an insane desire to laugh, Ellice was nevertheless curiously relieved. In his present mood, eager for any morsel of solace, he could convince himself that Jernigan knew almost as much about the financial condition of the Rudale mill as he did. And here was the bookkeeper desirous of placing all his money at the disposal of the plant. Ellice bit his lip. Was it possible that his own anxiety was ill founded, imaginary?

"Then I wouldn't have to worry any more," repeated Jernigan.

"No," Ellice murmured, "no, I suppose you wouldn't. Got plenty of faith in the old concern, have you, Albert?"

"Faith to burn, sir, as the boys say. Why, think of all the faith in the old mill there is in this town, Mr. Ellice! Think of the hundreds of men and women and children that trust in the mill, the same as they do that the sun shines! Gather all that trust in a lump, and a fellow would have a regular rock of comfort to stand on, wouldn't he?"

Ellice started queerly.

"I didn't know you were such a mystic," he rejoined in a changed voice.

"Excuse me, sir. I have notions, but that's only common sense. And about that money of mine?"

Without answering Ellice turned away thoughtfully, and the two strolled in silence to the wooden bridge that spanned the mill stream. They leaned on the rail, looking over the river. An hour ago Ellice had leaned on the same bridge rail and stared for a long time into the beckoning depths of that restful river. At the evil remembrance of that black hour he shuddered penitently and touched Jernigan's elbow beside him.

"Let your money stay where it is," he advised. "I can't believe that you have a right to worry, Albert. You've got the trust of your family to nerve you, just as I've got the trust of my mill hands and the village. We ought to stand on that trust and fight for it, both of us, oughtn't we? That's enough to keep us busy. Worrying's no good!"

"What bothers me," ventured Jernigan, "are the years to come—the future."

Ellice peeled a sliver from the rail and tossed it lightly on the surface of the shadowy current.

"That's the way the future takes us, I guess," said he. "It's up to us to keep afloat, that's all, and to hold the best course we can. The future? It's a big river, Jernigan, a big, big river. There's no map. Worrying won't help us to travel it."

"No, sir," muttered Jernigan.

For another minute they watched the stream as it glided steadily away into the mysterious darkness. Then Ellice glanced across the bridge at the great mill.

To the fancy of Ellice, with Jernigan's words ringing in his mind, the mill became a thing of life, a personal entity, radiant of confidence and trust. He felt, with a joyous thrill of regained manliness, that he would be worthy of its friendship and of the friendship of his people. He straightened his shoulders happily, as if they had been released from a painful burden.

"Good night," he said, "and thank you!"

"Thank me, sir? Why?"

"For a match," improvised Ellice, producing cigars from his pocket. "Will you smoke?"

"I think not," Jernigan declined. "It's late. Good night, sir."

* * * * * * *

Although the street was quiet and deserted, while Jernigan hastened homeward under the elms it seemed to him alive with the mighty heart of all humanity, beating in unison with his own, vexed by the same solicitudes and conquering the same fears. As he passed each lowly cottage he thought of the humble men and women therein who faced the future with no different bravery from that required of kings and queens. If John Ellice could subdue anxiety over large affairs with such self reliant courage surely Jernigan could likewise surmount his infinitely smaller cares.

Unlatching his gate, he whistled a tune.

"Al Jernigan, where in the world"—

Lizzie paused to shield the flame of the candle as her husband opened the door.

"Why, I'd forgot to do an errand at the office. I meant not to disturb you, dear."

"But I didn't know what might happen, and I've worried like anything," she explained, smiling.

Jernigan yawned luxuriously.

"Never lend yourself trouble about what hasn't happened yet, Lizzie," said he. "What's the use of worrying?"

Quaint Old Harvard Rules.

Quaint rules and customs regulated class days at Harvard university in the seventeenth century, for in 1661 the overseers ordered that the president "from time to time commend it to the parents and guardians of the students that commence that they provide not above one gallon of wine for a student, judging it to be sufficient for that occasion." In 1693, "the corporation having been informed that the custom taken up in the college for the commencers to have plum cake is dishonorable to the college, not grateful to wise men and chargeable to the parents of the commencers, do therefore put an end to that custom." In 1727 a private commencement was determined upon and was observed for several years, but was not a success. The laws of 1734 provided that "no commencers shall have at his chambers any plum cake, plain cake or pies or hot meats of any kind except what is left of the dinner in the hall or any brandy, rum or distilled liquors or composition made with any of them."

Modern Necessities.

"One of the reasons for the cost of living," observes a wise clubman, "lies in the fact that people buy wholly unnecessary things. I had a conversation with the proprietor of a novelty shop in Fifth avenue a few days ago. A shiny object had attracted my attention, and I inquired about its use.

"'Those,' said the proprietor, 'are gilded pincers to pick up letters one has placed on the letter scales.'

"'And that ivory stick, carved and forked at the end?'

"'People use that to fish out things they have dropped into carafes.'

"'That square of morocco about the size of a nut; what is that for?'

"'That's a tampon—used to press down stamps after sticking them on envelopes.'

"'That ornamental box with a whole battery of little brushes?'

"'Those are to clean other brushes; brushes to clean hairbrushes, brushes to clean toothbrushes.'"—New York Post.

Stratagem Versus Perfidy.

The laws of war have always distinguished sharply between stratagem and perfidy. It is a legitimate stratagem to send bogus signals and telegraph messages and bogus dispatches or newspapers, to be intercepted by the enemy; to make use of the enemy's signals, bugle calls, watchwords and words of command or to clothe the men of a single unit in the uniform of several units, so that the prisoners and dead may give the idea of a large force.

On the other hand, it is perfidy to take advantage of the enemy by deliberate lying or deception when there is a moral obligation to speak the truth. It would be perfidy, for instance, to pretend an armistice when none had been agreed on, to break a suspension of arms by surprise, to violate a safe conduct or any other truce or agreement, to fire on the enemy's uniform.—London Opinion.

The Red Sea Route.

When Napoleon invaded Egypt by way of Suez he attempted to cross the Red sea at the spot assigned by tradition to the crossing of the Children of Israel. He and his horsemen, however, seem, unintentionally, to have imitated Pharaoh rather than Moses, for they came very near to being drowned. According to French accounts, Napoleon saved his army by his presence of mind, ordering his cavalry to scatter in every direction to multiply the chances of coming on shallow water, and thus finding a line by which he and his people were extricated. The people of Suez, says Kinglake, declare that Napoleon lost his horse, got thoroughly submerged and was only fished ashore by the assistance of the natives.—London Standard.

Ancient Origin of Military Salute.

When did the military salute come into use? It certainly dates from the earlier half of the fifteenth century, says the St. James' Gazette. In the "Speculum Humanae Salvationis," which was issued before the invention of printing by movable types, there is an exceedingly quaint illustration in which Abraham is represented as saluting Melchisedec. The patriarch is in medieval armor and apparently on guard, and it would seem that Melchisedec is bringing him refreshments of water, and the salute is distinctly the military one still in use.

Bunkum.

Politicians are prone to talk "bunkum." And we so call it because when a member speaking in the United States congress was interrupted by the others saying, he said: "Never mind, I'm talking to Buncombe," meaning Buncombe county, N. C., whence he came.

Not Too Early.

Father (sternly)—Elizabeth, you know I don't believe in early marriages. Daughter (sweet eighteen, joyfully)—Why, neither do Harold and I, daddy! We've decided on high noon!—Puck.

Against His Will.

New Parson—And what is your husband, Mrs. Brown? Mrs. Brown—Well, sir, 'e ain't exactly a policeman, but 'e goes with 'em a good deal.—London Tatler.

Your Own Faults.

Most of us are quick enough at seeing what we have to put up with from others, but we forget what others have to put up with from us.

Each day is the scholar of yesterday.—Syrus.

Supposed Danger to the Eye.

Many people believe that certain modern illuminants are dangerous to the eyes on account of their ultra violet or actinic radiations. Dr. Louis Bell and Dr. F. H. Verhoeff have made an extensive investigation of the effects of the action on the various parts of the eye, from the corneal epithelium back to the retina. In an article in Science the investigators report that no artificial source of light produces enough ultra violet radiation to be of the slightest danger to the eye. Such pathologic or injurious action as they have been able to detect experimentally from ultra violet rays is confined to a strictly limited region of the spectrum, and perfectly definite laws govern its quantity and effect. Actual experiments on the human eye show conclusively that no concentration of radiation on the retina from any artificial illuminant is great enough to produce injury under any practical conditions. Protective glasses are useful only, they conclude, in cutting off dazzling light.

Marriage In Japan.

A Japanese husband is allowed only one wife, but to marry is sometimes a much more serious matter than with us. Either the husband must be formally adopted into the family of the wife or the wife into the family of the husband, the couple being absorbed into one family and subject to its discipline. As a rule, this custom weighs more heavily on the bride than on the husband, for she must not only obey her husband, but every member of his family of an older generation than himself; hence a young woman often longs for old age, so that she may wield authority over the younger generations. To bring about a marriage in Japan an intermediary is appointed, whose duty it is to introduce the parties and to look to every arrangement of the wedding. He remains through life the guide, philosopher and friend of the married couple, who refer all matters, all misunderstandings, to his counsel.—Pearson's.

Napoleon a Good Reader.

Napoleon not only read a great deal, but read with profit. His memory was extraordinary. Take, for instance, his knowledge of Roman civil law, long passages of which he once reeled off by heart to the astonishment of the state council engaged with him in the production of the Code Napoleon. To one of the councilors he explained how he gained his legal learning. When a young lieutenant he found in the cupboard of a prison room in which he was confined a ponderous tome of Roman law. "You can easily imagine," he said, "what a valuable prize that book was. When, at the end of ten days, I recovered my freedom I was saturated with Justinian and the Roman legal decisions." Napoleon added that the old book was covered with marginal notes—so much so that he could not have been idle if his imprisonment had "lasted a century."

The Country Newspaper.

I am ashamed to say that I had entertained a good humored tolerance, mingled with contempt, for country newspapers. They seemed to me the apotheosis of the little, the palladium of the uninteresting.

It did not occur to me that anything possessed of such tenacity of life as the country newspaper must have a real meaning and perform a genuine function in our civilization. In this roaring age of efficiency we do not long support any institution that does not set its claws deep into our common life—and hang on.—David Grayson in American Magazine.

Acute Pleasure.

Wife (returning from matinee)—Oh, it was too lovely! She had on a pale nile green silk, with bands of passementerie down the front and the grandest diamonds you ever saw, and when she died, in the last act, she rolled over four times, and every woman in the house was crying. I never enjoyed a play so much in my life.—Puck.

Her Nice Little Plan.

He—I don't believe your father will give his consent. I haven't got much, you know. She—That doesn't matter. The first month we can live on love, the second I'll begin to borrow things from mamma and about the third papa will get tired of it and come to the rescue.—London Telegraph.

Nice Neighbors.

"Tough neighborhood I live in. People steal everything I leave in my shed."

"Why don't you put a padlock on the door?"

"I put on a fine one, and somebody got it the first night."—Kansas City Journal.

The Remedy.

Aviator—I don't know the air currents up there. Friend—Then why not take a minister up with you? Aviator—A minister? Friend—Yes. Isn't he a sky pilot?—Baltimore American.

Sadly Aimed.

"Blinks always hits the nail on the head."

"Yes, but usually he drives it into the wrong place."—Philadelphia Ledger.

Recognized.

She—The waiter is hanging around as though he expected something. He—Oh, yes; he's a tippical waiter.—Providence Journal.

The crosses which we make for ourselves by overanxiety about the future are certainly not heaven sent.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®   NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

Spring Sale Dates.

FEBRUARY.

11—C. P. Myers, Mt. Pleasant, Thompson.
11—Laura Klunk, Butler, Taylor.
12—Geo. Cromer, Oxford, Thompson.
13—W. L. Rebert, Franklin, Martz.
13—John Harbold, Oxford, Thompson.
15—Jacob Emlet, Hamilton.
15—H. C. Eckenrode, Mt. Pleasant.
16—John Hockensmith, Mt. Pleasant, Thompson.
17—J. B. Wineman, Cumberland Thompson.
18—J. H. Fink, Mt. Pleasant, Thompson.
19—Jas. D. Plank, Cumberland, Thompson.
20—Charles M. Weikert, Mt. Pleasant, Thompson.
20—Eli Garretson, Butler, Taylor.
22—Lewis Mizell, Straban, Thompson.
23—C. K. Anders, near Bermudian.
23—Joseph Cool, Franklin, Slaybaugh.
23—Earl Guise, Straban, Thompson.
23—Reuben Fiscel, Mt. Joy.
24—Max Cease, Franklin, Martz.
24—Lewis Bowling, Freedom, Thompson.
25—Chas. Shultz, Exr., Latimore, Lerew.
25—Isaac Fisher, Franklin, Martz.
25—John Wolf, Straban, Slaybaugh.
25—J. H. Duttera, Reading.
25—Chas. D. Trostle, Mt. Joy, Thompson.
25—P. C. Riley, Cumberland, Lightner.
26—Wm. Biesecker, Butler, Slaybaugh.
26—J. Kerr Lott, Cumberland, Lightner.
26—C. P. Weaver, Oxford, Thompson.
27—James R. Sponseller, Straban Thompson.
27—F. A. Martz, Huntington.

MARCH.

1—H. J. & S. P. Stitt, Oxford.
1—B. P. Stitt, Straban, Slaybaugh.
1—Reuben Swartz, Mt. Joy, Thompson.
1—Mrs. Geo. Linn, Lightner.
2—John Duttera, Straban, Thompson.
2—Joseph D. Twining, Straban, Slaybaugh.
2—Mrs. Elsie Fall, Huntington.
2—Frank Decker, near Hampton, Ensor.
2—Miller & Musselman, Hamiltonban, Martz.
3—John Miller, Butler, Slaybaugh.
3—W. S. Hull, Franklin, Martz.
3—John Miller, Menallen, Taylor.
3—Mrs. Jacob Hoff, Huntington, Kimmel.
3—D. F. Benner, Mt. Joy, Thompson.
4—Chas. M. Little, Mt. Joy, Thompson.
4—Ambrose Shank, Franklin, Martz.
4—Wm. Black, Butler, Slaybaugh.
5—A. J. Spangler, Mt. Pleasant, Thompson.
5—McDannell Bros., Arendtsville, Taylor.
6—M. E. Baschoar, Union, Thompson.
6—Albert Hollinger, Cumberland, Crouse & Lightner.
6—Jacob Fidler, Butler, Slaybaugh.
6—Isaac Wilt, Tyrone, Thompson.
8—Samuel Zepp, Tyrone, Slaybaugh.
8—J. C. Bender, Mt. Pleasant, Thompson.
8—Edward Brown, Hamiltonban.
8—Chas. Asper, Menallen, Slaybaugh.
9—Levi Fink, Germany, Thompson.
9—Willis Myers, Reading.
9—James Martin, Butler, Slaybaugh.
9—Amos Davis, Latimore, Lerew & Delp.
9—J. C. Minter, Franklin, Martz.
9—Joseph Spangler, Menallen, Taylor
9—McCullough & Bigler, Hamiltonban, McDermitt.
10—Hanson Staley, Butler, Taylor.
10—A. L. Hoffman, near York Springs, Delp.
10—W. W. Neely, Tyrone, Slaybaugh.
10—Reuben Sheely, Cumberland, Lightner.
10—Levi Foulk, Mt. Pleasant, Thompson.
10—Charles Mundorff, Franklin Martz.
11—John H. Lease, Lightner.
11—Daniel Shank, Latimore, Delp & Lerew.
11—John Ditzler, Union, Thompson.
11—Jacob Bushman, Franklin, Martz.
11—Christian Pittenturf, Huntington, Slaybaugh.
12—David Rhodes, Freedom.
12—J. Carna Smith, Mt. Joy, Thompson.
12—Henry J. Mikesell, Hamilton, Ensor.
12—S. S. Frazier, Huntington, Delp.
12—James Boyd, Highland, Taylor & McDermitt.
12—J. W. Seiffert, Latimore.
12—Clayton Fissel, Reading, Slaybaugh.
13—Morell Delp, Idaville, Delp.
13—Elmer Smith, Butler, Taylor.
13—C. A. Butt, Reading, Kimmel.
13—Jacob Deardorff, Franklin, Slaybaugh & Martz.
13—Eli Wolford, Mt. Pleasant, Thompson.
15—C. E. Pitzer, Mt. Pleasant, Thompson.
15—Harry Smith, Menallen, Taylor.
15—Frank Eckert, Butler, Slaybaugh.
16—Estate of J. Murren, Mt. Pleasant, Thompson.
16—Claude J. Hamme, Reading.
16—C. A. Hershey, Franklin.
16—Fremont Weigler, Tyrone, Slaybaugh.
16—James Sheffer, Huntington, Delp.
16—Willis Eichelman, Menallen, Taylor.
17—Wm. G. Little, Germany, Thompson.
17—[illegible], Huntington, Delp.
17—John [illegible], Slaybaugh & Delp.
[illegible]
19—[illegible], Tyrone, Slaybaugh.
19—H. L. Stephens, Hamiltonban.
19—[illegible], Thompson.
19—J. F. [illegible], Mt. Pleasant, Thompson.
19—J. P. Bream, Huntington, Delp.
19—Henry Deardorff, Franklin, Slaybaugh.
19—William H. Taylor, Menallen, Taylor.
20—Chas. R. Hartman, Franklin, Taylor.
20—Mrs. John Ketterman, Franklin, Martz.
20—H. J. Bream, Menallen, Slaybaugh & Delp.
20—Estate of A. Duttera, Mt. Pleasant, Thompson.
22—D. C. Shanebrook, Mt. Pleasant, Thompson.
22—J. V. Staub, near New Oxford.
23—John P. Bream, Huntington, Delp.
23—John S. Bowling, Franklin, Thompson.
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24—Joseph Baldwin, Menallen, Slaybaugh.
24—John T. Sponseller, Mt. Pleasant, Thompson.
24—Oscar Reynolds, Hamilton.
25—Willis Weigle, Cumberland, Slaybaugh.
25—L. A. Yeagy, Straban, Thompson.
26—John Harbold, Oxford.
26—Samuel Scott, Butler, Slaybaugh.
27—Samuel Swartz, Mt. Joy, Thompson.
29—Charles Yohe, Menallen, Delp.
30—Charles Asper, Aspers, Slaybaugh.

APRIL.

3—E. W. Goldsborough, Straban, Thompson.
3—G. R. Thompson, Straban.

Dufferin's Odd Right Eye.

Sir Thomas Barclay in "Thirty Years Anglo-French Reminiscences" tells how Lord Lytton once asked Lord Dufferin what he thought was the source of his success in conducting intercourse with eastern princes. "My glass eye," said he. "When I had anything serious to negotiate I fixed them with the glass eye and watched them with the other." He may, of course, have meant his monocle, adds Sir Thomas, who also describes the effect of Lord Dufferin's odd right eye upon himself:

"When he spoke to you he dropped his monocle and fixed you with a steady gaze which made you feel as if you were giving yourself away to one who, by attain sympathy would ... When you had finished what you were saying he would keep on watching you with the same steadiness as if he were listening now to what you were thinking. You would wobble on the thin planks on to which in your confusion you had stepped, and then in the uncomfortable silence you would say something you did not intend, and Dufferin seemed to be waiting for that."

Failers Called Mental Defectives.

According to a Brooklyn physician, most accidents, as well as divorces and crimes, are in reality due to defective mentality. When a person gets caught in a maze of traffic and does not know whether it is better to go backward or forward he is, according to this doctor, a target for everything coming his way.

The indecision or lack of judgment leads to frequent accidents with the same individual. Of 112 persons who were questioned in four semiprivate hospitals forty-six had had previous accidents and thirty-two more than one such accident. Out of about 50,000 examinations of defectives there was scarcely a case that did not show many scars. Inquiry among eight automobile owners showed that the opinion commonly held of reckless chauffeurs among their fellows was that the reckless ones were not quite normal, or, as they phrased it, were "crazy."—New York World.

The World's Strangest University.

Founded in the year 972 A. D., the Mohammedan university of El-Azhar ("The Luminous") is one of the oldest existing and strangest universities in the world

El-Azhar is the Oxford of the Moslem world and is at present attended by upward of 10,000 students of all ages and from every eastern country from the Caucasus to Somaliland. Board and lodging is free. The teaching consists chiefly of Mohammedan dogma, which is laboriously committed to memory from sacred books.

The students squat in groups on the floor of the immense building with their boots—which have to be taken off on entering—and their daily rations beside them and accompany the droning repetition of their lessons with a rhythmic swaying of the body. Writing is done on tin slates.

Girls are allowed to attend the lectures, but only as listeners; they may not speak.

A Billion Dollars.

"I wonder if we realize when we talk of a billion dollars what an enormous sum of money it means. We all know how rapidly an expert counter of coins will manipulate them. You can scarcely follow the motion of his fingers as he shifts the coins from one pile to another and counts them. The treasury experts will count 4,000 silver dollars in an hour and keep it up all day long, but that is their limit.

"Working eight hours a day, then, an expert counter of coins will count 32,000 silver dollars in a day, but how long will it take him at that rate to count a million dollars? Thirty-one days. But that is only the beginning of the measurements of great figures. [illegible]

Animals and Cold.

Of domestic animals ... sheep ... first as cold resisters. ... have lived for weeks ... When ... great blizzard ... [illegible] ... is second and ... places.

A Mother's Pride.

Pride, said Charles Dickens, is one of the seven deadly sins, but it cannot be the pride of a mother in her children, for that is a compound of two cardinal virtues—faith and hope.

Mountains You May Not Know.

I had imagined that the Rockies were the whole show. I had not the faintest recollection of the Cordilleran system of which the Rockies and all these other ranges are but a part, while, as for the Sierra Nevadas, I remembered them only when I came to them, and then much as one will recall a slight acquaintance who has been in jail for many years.

Are you shocked by my ignorance—or my confession of it? Then let me ask you if you know that the Uinta mountain range in Utah is the only range in the entire country that runs east and west? And have you ever heard of the Pequop mountains, or the Cedar mountains, or the Santa Rosas, or the Egans, or the Humboldts, or the Washoes, or the Gosiutes, or the Toyabes, or the Toquimas, or the Hot Creek mountains? And did you know that in California, as well as in New Hampshire, there are White mountains? And what do you know of the Wasatch and Oquirrh ranges?—Julian Street in Collier's Weekly.

Colds and Croup in Children.

Many people rely upon Chamberlain's Cough Remedy implicitly in cases of colds and croup, and it never disappoints them. Mrs. E. H. Thomas, Logansport, Ind., writes: "I have found Chamberlain's Cough Remedy to be the best medicine for colds and croup I have ever used, and never tire of recommending it to my neighbors and friends. I have always given it to my children when suffering from croup, and it has never failed to give them prompt relief." For sale by All Dealers.

Advertisement.

FELIX V. FOPPLE, of McSherrystown, has received a commission as Notary Public from Governor Brumbaugh to date from January 25th, 1915

Recognized Advantages.

You will find that Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has recognized advantages over most medicines in use for coughs and colds. It does not suppress a cough but loosens and relieves it. It aids expectoration and opens the secretions, which enables the system to throw off a cold. It counteracts any tendency of a cold to result in pneumonia. It contains no opium or other narcotic, and may be given to a child as confidently as to an adult. For sale by All Dealers.

Advertisement.

CASTORIA.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

SAMUEL S. MILLER, of East Berlin, has sold his 140 acre farm in Reading township to D. Edward Schriver, of Hanover, on private terms. Possession April 1st.

"The Best Laxative I Know Of."

"I have sold Chamberlain's Tablets for several years. People who have used them will take nothing else. I can recommend them to my customers as the best laxative and cure for constipation that I know of," writes Frank Strouse, Fruitland Iowa. For sale by All Dealers.

Advertisement.

A YOUNG son of H. S. Cromer of near Barlow caught and killed a lynx near his home last week. These animals are rare in this section. The hide was disposed of to a dealer.

Your Cold is Dangerous Break it Up—Now

A Cold is readily catching. A rundown system is susceptible to Germs. You owe it to yourself and to others of your household to fight the Germs at once. Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey is fine for Colds and Coughs. It loosens the Mucous, stops the Cough and soothes the Lungs. It's guaranteed. Only 25c at your Druggist.

Advertisement.

THE Crouse Lumber Yards and frame dwelling in Littlestown have been sold to Ira D. Crouse of Kingsdale, who will dispose of his planing mill and take full charge of the yards in the near future.

How to Prevent Bilious Attacks.

"Coming events cast their shadows before." This is especially true of bilious attacks. Your appetite will fail, you will feel dull and languid. If you are subject to bilious attacks take three of Chamberlain's Tablets as soon as these symptoms appear and the attack may be warded off. For sale by All Dealers.

Advertisement.

THESE weather prophesying caterpillars have been causing conflicting statements. Some time ago they were the basis of a prophesy that the beginning of the winter would be bad and the middle and end mild. Now we hear that caterpillars black at each end and tan in the middle were crawling around last week and that this means the middle of winter will be mild and the beginning and end stormy.

For That Terrible Itching.

[illegible] ... Peoples Drug Store.

Advertisement.

THE license court of Cumberland county on Tuesday of last week refused a license to the Holly Inn at Mt. Holly Springs. A strong petition had been filed against the place and license was refused on the ground of "no present necessity."

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color.

After Many Years

J. L. Southers, Eau Claire, Wis., writes: "Years ago I wrote you in regard to great results I obtained from Foley Kidney Pills. After all these years I have never had a return of those terrible backaches or sleepless nights; I am permanently cured." Men and women, young and old, find this reliable remedy relieves rheumatism, backache, stiff joints and ills caused by weak or diseased kidneys or bladder. Sold by Peoples Drug Store.

Advertisement.

Two Missionary boxes in the Reformed church of East Berlin were broken open and robbed of their contents on a recent night. One box was in the auditorium and one in the Sunday school room. It is not known how much money was taken but two pennies were left in the S. S. box.

Five Cents Proves it.

A Generous Offer. Cut out this ad, enclose with 5 cents to Foley & Co., Chicago, Ill., and they will send you our trial packages of Foley's Honey and Tar Compound for coughs, colds, croup, bronchial and lagrippe coughs; Foley Kidney Pills and Foley Cathartic Tablets. For sale in your town by Peoples Drug Store.

Advertisement.

F. X. WEAVER, president of the Borough Council of McSherrystown and manager of the Pean Cigar Box Factory, was ascending a ladder to the attic of Opera House in that place, when the ladder slipped and threw him to the floor. Several ribs were fractured and it is feared he was injured internally.

A Test for Liver Complaint

Mentally Unhappy, Physically Dull

The Liver, sluggish and inactive, first shows itself in a mental state—unhappy and critical. Never is there joy in living, as when the Stomach and Liver are doing their work. Keep your Liver active and healthy by using Dr. King's New Life Pills; they empty the Bowels freely, tone up your Stomach, cure your Constipation and purify the Blood. 25c. at your Druggist. Bucklen's Arnica Salve excellent for Piles.

Advertisement.

JOHN D. YANTIS, of McSherrystown, while working in the cellar at his home, went to turn on the electric light and in doing so came in contact with a live wire. He was thrown to the floor and was unconscious for some time, his hand too was badly burned.

TAKING baby up at night is often the cause of bad colds. Use Dr. Fahrney's Teething Syrup and stay in bed. 25cts.

Advertisement.

CATHERINE RAFFENSBERGER, four year old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Raffensperger, of near New Oxford, was horribly scalded when she fell backward into a kettle of boiling lard last thursday. The lower part of her body was scalded in a frightful manner but it is thought she will recover. The father and neighbor who helped to take the clothes off the child were both badly burned on the hands

FOLEY KIDNEY PILLS
FOR BACKACHE KIDNEYS AND BLADDER
Advertisement.

THE Reading Railroad station at Carlisle was entered last Thursday night and robbed of ten mileage books.

THE NAME—Doan's inspires confidence—Doan's Kidney Pills for kidney ills. Doan's Ointment for skin itching. Doan's Regulets for a mild laxative. Sold at all drug stores.

Advertisement.

MISS MARY STARNER, daughter of Mrs. Agnes Starner, of Gettysburg has received the habit of a Sister of Charity of St. Vincent De Paul at Emmittsburg. She is now at St. John's Orphan Asylum at Utica N. Y. Miss Starner was at one time an employee in the tailoring establishment of J. W. Bream.

CASTORIA.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher
Advertisement.

MRS. CATHERINE SCHLOSSER, of Menallen township recently presented the Wenksville Lutheran Church with a cash gift of $100. The money is to go for repairs when needed.

BILIOUS? Feel heavy after dinner? Bitter taste? Complexion sallow? Liver perhaps needs waking up. Doan's Regulets for bilious attacks. 25c at all stores.

Advertisement.

ROBBERS visited the Waynesboro station on last Thursday afternoon while the passenger department clerks were working at the freight office and stole seven milage books.

DYSPEPSIA is America's curse. To restore digestion, normal weight, good health and purify the blood, use Burdock Blood Bitters. Sold at all drug stores. Price, $1.00.

Advertisement.

WILLIAM S[illegible], of [illegible]ville, is making arrangements to move to Hendersburg [illegible] where he will conduct a general store. He has purchased an Overland auto truck to use for delivering goods from his store.

Reason Enthroned.

Because meals are so tasty they are consumed in great excess. This leads to stomach troubles, biliousness and constipation. Revise your diet, let reason and not a pampered appetite control, then take a few doses of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets and you will soon be well again. Try it. For sale at Peoples Drug Store. Samples free.

Advertisement.

Prompt Action Will Stop Your Cough

When you first catch a Cold (often indicated by a sneeze or cough), break it up at once. The idea that "It does not matter" often leads to serious complications. The remedy which immediately and easily penetrates the lining of the throat is the kind demanded. Dr King's New Discovery soothes the irritation, loosens the phlegm. You feel better at once. "It seemed to reach the very spot of my Cough" is one of many honest testimonials. 50c. at your Druggist.

Advertisement.

THE Teacher and pupils of Brush Run School House, Mt. Pleasant township witnessed an unusual sight on last Wednesday when a flock of 35 large wild geese alighted in a field near by on the farm of Henry J. Hemler. Some of the men tried to shoot them but they flew away without losing any feathers.

IF a better cough syrup than Foley's Honey and Tar Compound could be found, we would carry it. We know this reliable and dependable medicine has given satisfaction for more than forty years; therefore we never offer a substitute for the genuine. Recommended for coughs, colds, croup, whooping cough bronchial and lagripe coughs. No opiates. Sold by Peoples Drug Store.

Advertisement.

THE meat firm of Weikert and Crouse of Waynesboro, well known in this county, suffered a robbery one night last week. The thieves broke a lock on the door and stole hides valued at $150.00.

CASTORIA.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher
Advertisement.

THE will of the late Wm. Fox, former tax collector of Gettysburg has been admitted to probate and provides that all of the furniture and one-half of the entire estate go to his wife, the remaining one-half to be devided between his brothers and sisters or their children.

FOLEY KIDNEY PILLS
FOR RHEUMATISM KIDNEYS AND BLADDER
Advertisement.

ELMER JACOBS, of Davidsburg, York County has leased the Sunday House in East Berlin and will take possession of the same as soon as the license can be transferred.

Seventy Seven Years Old.

George W. Clough, Prentiss, Miss., who had suffered greatly with kidney trouble, writes: "Foley Kidney Pills are the only remedy that ever did me any good at all." Just think of the relief and comfort that means to him. Foley Kidney Pills are recommended for sleep disturbing bladder troubles, pain in sides or back, rheumatism, and kidney and bladder ailments. Sold by Peoples Drug Store.

Advertisement.

POLICEMEN have been authorized to arrest and run down automobile drivers whose machines do not bear the 1915 license.

HUNDREDS of health articles appear in newspapers and magazines, and in practically every one of them the importance of keeping the bowels regular is emphasized. A constipated constipated condition invites disease. A dependable physic that acts without inconvenience or griping is found in Foley Cathartic Tablets. Sold by Peoples Drug Store.

Advertisement.

MISS HELEN HASKELL, of York Springs was coming home from Glass store at Uriah and in taking a short cut across a field, tripped and fell over a stone and broke her arm between the wrist and elbow.

Croup and Whooping Cough

Mrs. T. Neureuer, Eau Claire, Wis., says: "Foley's Honey and Tar Compound cured my boy of a very severe attack of croup after other remedies had failed. Our milkman cured his children of whooping cough." Foley's has a forty years record of similar cases. Contains no opiates. Always insist on Foley's. Sold by Peoples Drug Store.

Advertisement.

FINK'S Hotel property, Taneytown, narrowly escaped a bad fire last Sunday night due to the fact that a lot firewood had been put in the oven of the large stove to dry. The wood dried out and caught fire and was discovered at a late hour by a member of the family, in time to prevent serious results.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

Advertisement.

CHARLES E. MYERS, has sold his [illegible] property at Harney to [illegible] John W. Myers, of [illegible]

FOLEY KIDNEY PILLS
FOR BACKACHE KIDNEYS AND BLADDER
Advertisement.

THE old pipe organ has been removed from the Lutheran Church in Emmitsburg and a fine new one installed in its place, by the Mohler Organ Co., of Hagerstown. Andrew Carnagie presented the congregation with one-half the actual cost of the organ, while the members raised the remainder.

FARMERS, mechanics, railroaders, laborers, rely on Dr. Thomas' Eclectic Oil. Fine for cuts, burns, bruises. Should be kept in every home. 25c and 50c.

Advertisement.

$100 Reward, $100

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by all Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Advertisement.

JACOB GOODENBERGER of Abbottstown butchered four 9 months old pigs last week, the combined weight of which was thousand and sixty-six pounds.

DR FAHRNEY'S Teething Syrup is the best remedy for any sickness baby gets, no matter how young or how old. Try it

Advertisement.

AS YOU FEAR CANCER
TUMOR GROWTH BUNCHES
You will be glad to know of the successful non-surgical system of treatment. No knife, x-ray, radium or serum.

"I am a clergyman and G. A. R. veteran. I thank God that I went 300 miles to the Binghamton CanCertorium and Sanitarium. I had 4 cancers on cheek and lip, one of 15 years duration. Other cancer doctors failed. My face is well. Scars hardly noticeable. A wonderful cure without knife or loss of blood under Dr. S. Andral Kilmer's De Cancerizing system. My age was 67. I saw ladies being treated for cancers as large as saucers, who went away rejoicing. Send for Dr. S. Andral Kilmer's Red Book and see my picture and report. Gratitude and a desire to be of benefit to sufferers, impel me to state this for the public good."

REV. D. MORRISON, Danville, Illinois.

Come now for treatment, or Write to Binghamton CanCertorium and Sanitarium Binghamton, N. Y.
Telephone 1001-J

Send for *Free Red Book* full of proofs and approvals. 48 pages 58 illustrations and clinical reports of marvelous recoveries from epithelioma, sarcoma, carcinoma or cancer.

SAVED BY A POSTAL

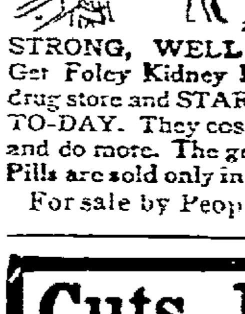
Thousands Have Been Cured by Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy—Lives Saved by a Postal Card.

They wrote for a free trial bottle, and were so much pleased with the general results obtained, that they bought a large size bottle of their druggist and it benefited or cured them. It has cured thousands—it will cure you.

Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy is of the greatest value for diseases of the Kidneys, Liver and Blood; rheumatism, constipation and illnesses peculiar to women. Stops such dangerous symptoms as pain in the back, headache back of eyes, inability to hold urine, burning pains and frequent urination. Wonderfully successful for nearly forty years. Write to-day to Dr. David Kennedy Co., Rondout, N. Y., for a free sample bottle and medical pamphlet. Large bottles sold by 40,000 druggists

A WOMAN'S DAY

It begins early, and ends late. It is full of work from sun rise to bed time. Being constantly on her feet, **she often has kidney trouble without knowing it.** She has backache. It is hard for her to get up in the morning, she is so tired and worn out. She does not sleep well, has poor appetite and is nervous. Her bladder gives her trouble too.



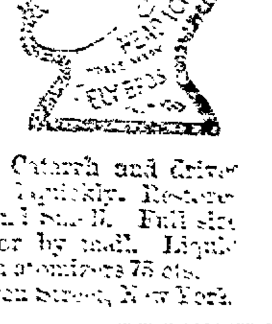
Foley Kidney Pills will cure all that, and make her again STRONG, WELL and VIGOROUS. Get **Foley Kidney Pills** at the nearest drug store and START TAKING THEM TO-DAY. They cost less than the doctor and do more. The genuine Foley Kidney Pills are sold only in the yellow package.

For sale by Peoples Drug Store.

Cuts, Burns,
Bruises, Sores, Wounds and Piles quickly healed with Arnica Salve. It prevents infection, is antiseptic, soothing, healing. Try it once. Money Back If It Fails. The Original and Genuine.
Bucklen's Arnica Salve
Heals the Hurt
All Druggists and Dealers, 25c.

[illegible] PROMPTLY RELIEVED BY [illegible] THE ENGLISH REMEDY [illegible] PILLS [illegible] SAFE & EFFECTIVE [illegible] DRUGGISTS [illegible]

A Reliable Remedy FOR CATARRH
Ely's Cream Balm
is quickly absorbed. Gives Relief at Once.



It cleanses, soothes, heals and protects the diseased membrane resulting from Catarrh and drives away a Cold in the Head quickly. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. Full size 50 cts. at Druggists or by mail. Liquid Cream Balm for use in atomizers 75 cts. Ely Brothers, 56 Warren Street, New York.

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